NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN RE:

THE EL FARO INCIDENT OFF THE: NTSB Accident No.

COAST OF THE BAHAMAS ON : DCA16MM001

OCTOBER 1, 2015

INSPECTOR INTERVIEW OF:

Saturday,

October 10, 2015

Jacksonville, Florida

BEFORE:

JON FURUKAWA, NTSB BRIAN YOUNG, NTSB JIM FISKER-ANDERSEN, TOTE Services LOUIS O'DONNELL, ABS

U.S. Coast Guard

LEE PETERSON, TOTE Services

U.S. Coast Guard

KEVIN STITH, TOTE Services

U.S. Coast Guard

MIKE MILLAR, ABS MIKE PETROSKI, NTSB

This transcript was produced from audio provided by the National Transportation Safety Board.

1	P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S
2	8:15 a.m.
3	MR. YOUNG: It's 8:15 a.m. on October 10th.
4	My name is Brian Young. I'm the Engineering Group
5	Chairman for the National Transportation Safety Board.
6	MR. O'DONNELL: Louie O'Donnell, System
7	Chief Surveyor Americas, ABS.
8	U.S. Coast Guard,
9	Engineering Working Group.
10	
11	Operations Group.
12	MR. STITH: Kevin Stith, TOTE Services,
13	Operations Group.
14	MR. FURUKAWA: Jon Furukawa, NTSB, Survival
15	Tactics Group.
16	MR. FISKER-ANDERSEN: Jim Fisker-Andersen,
17	TOTE Services, Engineering Group.
18	MR. PETERSON: Lee Peterson. I'm the
19	Director of Marine Services with TOTE Services.
20	MR. I'm I'm with the
21	Coast Guard on the Operations Group.
22	MR. YOUNG: And if you could state your name
23	and spell it for us and your title.
24	MR. C
25	. And I'm the Main Inspection Training Officer

1	for Sector San Juan.
2	MR. YOUNG: Right. Thanks for being here.
3	Do you mind if we call you, I Is that alright?
4	MR. That's fine.
5	MR. YOUNG: And if you could, we'll just
6	start the interview if you would tell us a little bit
7	about your background and training and what type of
8	experience you have to become the Training Officer and
9	Marine Inspector.
10	MR. Okay. I have to look at my
11	certifications. I have Port State Control Examiner,
12	Foreign Freight Examiner, Foreign Tank, Foreign Chem,
13	Foreign Passengers, Foreign Gas, Barge, Dry Dock, Haul,
14	Hull TI which is tank, Machinery, Machinery/Steam and
15	Small Passenger Vessel and Small Passenger Subjectory
16	K. Those are the ones.
17	I started getting my first qual I think in
18	1993 on small passenger vessels. I worked my way up
19	from there. Machinery/Steam, I got that in 1998. It's
20	been awhile.
21	I got my Machinery quals in Hampton Roads.
22	Then when I came back to Puerto Rico, it's just the ACP
23	boats out of San Juan basically since then.
24	I came into Prevention in 1991. I was a MAR
25	POL (phonetic) officer at San Juan first. Then a year

later, they put in Inspections where I started training. And at that time, we were still doing regular inspections on freight ships, full COIs. That's where I started my training on that.

And after that, I think it was 1994 when I went to Hampton Roads. When I got there, I was the -They put in me COLANUS (phonetic) which is at that time considered the barge yard because I had gotten my barge quals in San Juan. At that time, we had active dry dock. So I had a lot of experience with barge repair.

Then I think it was about six weeks after I got there, they had the new SOLAS because I got my patch in vessel qual, my foreign tank and my passenger vessel quals in Puerto Rico. And I helped stand up the first port state control course in the Coast Guard while I was there at Hampton Roads.

And when I was there I got my hull qual and my machinery qual while I was there. And later, I think it was 2001 they split that into two different quals. That's why they have the regular hull and hull tank. So I'm grandfathered. So I got those quals. The same thing with the steam/machinery.

After that, I went back to Puerto Rico.

That was 1998. In 2003, I retired. I retired in 2003

and I took a job as Passenger Vessel Safety Specialist

in San Juan which the code for that is still 1801 which 1 2 is still a Marine Inspector. I continue doing 3 inspections while I was going the mass rescue planning. After that -- I forget the exact year it 4 5 was -- I became the position -- The position of Training Office became available. So I applied for 6 7 that and they gave it to me. And I've been there ever 8 since. 9 MR. YOUNG: Great. Thank you. One thing in 10 the description I forgot to say this is being recorded. 11 And as we discussed, there will be a transcription 12 available. Are you okay with that? 13 MR. That's fine. 14 MR. YOUNG: Okay. Thank you. 15 Do you want a copy of this? 16 MR. YOUNG: Yes, that will be great. 17 I'll get that to all the parties. Thank you. 18 MR. There's this Chief of 19 Inspections signature or initials are not on there. I 20 think this is just a formality I was trying to get 21 ready for an audit. So this is something that has been 22 In fact, I have a few more of these that 23 I've got to get done when I get back for the new people 24 reporting this year. It takes a while. Paperwork is a 25 killer.

MR. YOUNG: Just for the non Coast Guard people here, what's involved with obtaining a qual for any of these competencies?

MR. To get the quals -- the process changed -- when I first started I followed an inspector around and we just went around doing inspections. And there was a qualification package at the time. It's not anything near what it is now. But you go through and after if they feel you're ready, they sign off all your quals and they give you a board and if you pass the board, they give you the qual.

As of 2001, they changed the qualifications for a little more in-depth but it still was more of following people around and getting signatures to prove that you could do the job.

And now we started and they're still in the process of taking the entire program up a level. The forms qualification standards are actually where they tell you what the task is and they actually give you the cite in the regulations to go read. So it's a little more focused on what you're doing.

And then in our unit, we actually give tests now after you complete certain sections. And then after that you still do an oral pre-board. Then you do a final qualification board. And that's all outlined

in policy how to do that. The program is actually getting a lot better. A lot of that has to do with the over star (phonetic) requirements and stuff in 2010 Coast Guard Authorization Act. We talked about what the training level should be going forward.

We have 21 marine inspection training officers in the Coast Guard. And we meet usually on a monthly basis by phone conference. And annually we get together and talk about training issues. Things are moving along.

We're even talking about kicking up the training another notch and go to structured on-the-job training. That's something in the future.

All the trainees are going through this new PQS which are for the port state. They're all loving it because they don't have to guess what the verifying officer is asking for. They know exactly what they need to look for.

Right now, the domestic quals are being rewritten to the new format. We've had the small passenger vessel that just came out. So we're still working on the others. And the other one that came is offshore like OSBs. I forget the name, the acronym, but that one's out. It's been out for a while.

MR. YOUNG: So now that you are a training

officer for reinspections, what does that entitle when 1 2 you were training new investigators? 3 MR. It's not investigators. 4 It's inspectors. 5 MR. YOUNG: I'm sorry. Inspectors. 6 I'm developing the course 7 material and the tests and documenting all the training 8 in TMT and make sure the quals are issued. Since the 9 Coast Guard Authorization Act, since I'm the senior 10 person there holding the quals, I actually sign 11 qualification letters. 12 Is that something you do? MR. YOUNG: 13 And I've been MR. Yes. 14 designated by the command to do that, too. They want 15 to cover themselves on both ends. But I don't sign all 16 of them. There are some that Commander signs. 17 But I sign all the port state and the domestic quals 18 that we can issue which we can only issue T, K and 19 foreign passenger, foreign chem, foreign tank, foreign 20 freight and port state examiner. That's all we're 21 allowed to do. 22 That's a list that comes out once a year to 23 determine what kind of inspection we're doing. You 24 have to have a minimum number of inspections that year 25 to keep that certification for the board.

1	MR. YOUNG: And with all this training of
2	other marine inspectors, are you still actively
3	inspecting vessels?
4	MR. Not as much as I'd like to,
5	but I do go out. As a matter of fact, the night before
6	I came here, I was doing a foreign chem inspection.
7	MR. YOUNG: While we're talking about
8	training experience, I'll pass it around the room and
9	see if there are any other questions on this.
LO	MR. Just one other thing, I do
L1	all the ACP vessels because usually I'm the only one
L2	there with the machinery qual. But I've been lucky
L3	this last time. They had one person that had the
L4	machinery. But I still go out on all the ACP vessels.
L5	Just to make sure I keep on all that.
L6	MR. YOUNG: Anything, going around the room
L7	to the left? Lou.
L8	MR. O'DONNELL: No further questions right
L9	now, Impressive experience.
20	U.S. Coast Guard. In
21	talking about your quals, the Coast Guard also has a
22	policy in order for an inspector to be current and be
23	able to actively lead an inspection. And they have to
24	have
25	MR. Recency, yes.

So at the time of 1 -- recency. 2 these inspections, were you recent? 3 Yes, I was. 4 Thank you. 5 MR. with the Coast You mentioned the performance 6 Guard. I do have a few. 7 qualifications for PQS. Can you describe that for the 8 group for those that might not be familiar with exactly 9 what a PCS or a PQS is? 10 A PQS is a -- They go MR. 11 through -- Before it was based on the inspection. 12 they actually go through and they tell you these are 13 the items that you need to know to do the bridge, the 14 engine room, the hull and all that. So anything that 15 you would do, there's actually job aids out there. 16 They used to be called 840 books. Now they're called 17 job aids that lists everything they should be checking 18 on exam. 19 And the PQS kind of follows the same thing. 20 They marry up to make sure you have the knowledge 21 before you go out and do the inspection. 22 Then you as part of the PQS process are 23 supposed to go out on vessels. And the number of 24 vessels you go out can vary. It depends on if you had

some sea experience before or if you didn't.

didn't have much sea experience, you'd probably go out 1 2 on a lot more exams than you would if you had some time 3 of a Coast Guard cutter before you go. So usually our warrant officers take less time to get qualified 4 5 because they have that background of being on vessels whether it's engineering or deck. 6 7 If you want, we can get you copies of the 8 But my first one is nowhere near what we're PQS. 9 putting out now. But at that time they have experience 10 following the people around. 11 So essentially it's a 12 checklist of all the areas you need to --13 MR. It's not a checklist. But 14 it gets you into the regulations so you know what 15 you're supposed to be inspecting, what standards the 16 vessel has to be inspected to. And since there are so 17 many different subchapters in the regulations, it 18 varies on where they look in the regulations for each 19 different type of vessel. 20 MR. And how do you get each 21 subject signed? 22 You have verifying officers. MR. Now they've been designated for -- I forget how long. 23 24 Before it was an inspector had the qual and he'd sign 25 it off. Now we have verifying officers. Command

actually has to designate people to sign those off. 1 2 Usually those are the more experienced people. 3 And a lot of our people are complaining about not having enough verifying officers. 4 They want 5 to get their signoffs faster than they think they need them I quess. But most time they won't sign them off 6 7 until they've gone out and do it a few times and we 8 discuss it. 9 In San Juan, we actually have a whole PQS 10 base where they just sit down with the different 11 If the verifying officer actually has been out 12 with them, he asks them more questions. And then if at 13 that time they feel satisfied, they'll sign. And if 14 not, then it just turns into a training session where 15 they go over different systems. 16 Are you a verifying officer at MR. 17 your command? 18 MR. Yes, I am. I'm verifying 19 for all the things that we can issue. 20 MR. So that covers essentially the 21 on-the-job training. Can you also describe the courses 22 that are required for quals? Or the ones you have 23 done? 24 MR. Okay. The basic courses you 25 have to take when you're doing domestics is you have to

go to the marine inspection school in Yorktown. Or if you're doing port state control which is in line with ACP because ACP is like a port state control exam, you have to go through port state control course.

I think MIC (marine inspection course) is like four weeks, four or five weeks. I can't remember.

And port state control is three weeks.

Then there are additional schools that you can go to. Most of them are on the port state control side, but basically like for deep draft (phonetic) there used to be a steam and automation course which that course has been suspended. They're looking at rewriting the contract on that one.

and I'm trying to think of what else. I can't think of any other schools at the moment. But there are various commercial schools that people go to depending on the unit you're at and the funding level of the training port. You may go to welding courses. There is just a variety of stuff out there. Auditors, lead auditors course. Like I said, there is a few of them. I can't remember all of them at the moment. But that all depends on whether the unit has funding to go.

And usually a district tries to put on some training. But right now because I'm in San Juan we don't have any deep draft training. The district has

1 put on some other courses for domestic qualifications. 2 One other thing I forgot. In the new PQS 3 that's coming up and also part of the apprentice 4 trainees now, they're supposed to do a ship ride. 5 that can last up to six weeks depending on their 6 experience level on ships. And the new PQS is coming 7 There's a requirement they actually do is a 8 district specific training whether it's a ship ride or 9 working in the facility or both, depending on the time 10 we have. 11 U.S. Coast Guard. 12 One follow-up question. Specific to the El Faro, what 13 qualification would have been required to conduct the 14 ACP inspection on that and do you have those 15 qualifications? 16 MR. You need a hull and a 17 machinery/steam to do those exams. And, yes, I have 18 those quals. 19 And you had briefly Okav. 20 mentioned that there's a steam and automation course 21 that's been suspended. Have you been to that course? 22 MR. No, I have not. 23 Lt. Commander 24 from the Coast Guard. You mentioned the ship ride 25 program. Have any of our apprentice marine inspectors

1	gone on ship rides on either the El Faro or the El
2	Unica (phonetic)?
3	MR. No, they have not. As a
4	matter of fact, I'm in the process of trying to get
5	them scheduled. I haven't gotten that far yet.
6	MR. YOUNG: Anybody else when it comes to
7	training or anything?
8	(No verbal response)
9	This is Brian Young with the NTSB. During
10	that line of questions we had two individuals walk into
11	the interview room. If you could identify yourself for
12	the recording.
13	MR. MILLAR: This is Mike Millar, ABS.
14	MR. PETROSKI: Mike Petroski, NTSB, Group
15	Chairman Operations.
16	MR. YOUNG: Thanks.
17	do you have any at sea experience?
18	MR. About eight and a half years
19	on Coast Guard's 378s, polar breaker and two 180 foot
20	buoy tenders.
21	MR. YOUNG: And what was your rank when you
22	retired?
23	MR. CW04.
24	MR. YOUNG: Can I get into the inspection of
25	the El Faro in March when you did the COI inspection?

It's kind of the meat and potatoes of why we're here. We're going to try to ask an many questions as we can to try and get a feel for what you saw that day and your impression of the ship and any outstanding deficiencies that you found.

Maybe you could just give us a quick overview of the COI inspection that took place that day, what you planned to do, how long you were there, who you were with and maybe just kind of walk through the day. I know it was in March, a long time ago. But whatever you can recall from that inspection.

MR. This was the annual exam and not the COI. So what I did to prepare for this, I actually look at the ABS records first once I get the request from the company that they want to do the exam.

I go through the ABS records and make sure that all the international certificates have been -- the survey has been done for the international certificates and see if there are any outstanding conditions of class that remain open which for the El Faro there were two.

I don't remember exactly what they were.

But I didn't feel that they were anything that was

life-threatening to the vessel. It was ordinary

fractures that happen involved.

After that, we put together an inspection

1	team. The inspection team for this was myself, the
2	Chief of Inspections which was
3), Assistant Chief of Inspection which
4	he has the hull and there's Lt I don't know if she
5	was Lt. Commander at the time because she just made
6	rank. But it was Lt. or
7	(phonetic). She just had port state control quals.
8	She just wanted to come along to get some experience.
9	And there was
10	which is CWO. He's a MSE-4, Marine Officer 4. And he
11	has a machinery qual. So I had him do that engine
12	room. I did the deck walks and did the
13	engineering room I believe with Lt.
14	, he did the bridge and the deck walks
15	with me.
16	One of the things I do as part of the
17	preparation is send an email back to the master and
18	tell him what we expect. We have a format. I have a
19	copy in here of the email. But all that it is is a
20	sheet that talks about everything we go through.
21	On March 2nd, I sent him this email for
22	Ultimate Compliance exam program. It's the same thing
23	that's on that sheet of paper I handed you just to let
24	him know what we're going to go through. It's pretty
25	much everything that's covered 840 book. It's a just

short version of it. 1 2 Can I pass this around? MR. YOUNG: 3 MR. Yes, go ahead. MR. YOUNG: What I'm going to pass around is 4 5 the Ultimate Compliance Program Examination sheet. And this is actually part of 6 7 our mission system that we have in the office. 8 leave and someone else comes in, they have this 9 available to them. I don't know if you want me to go 10 through that whole list of stuff. 11 MR. YOUNG: I think we can read it. 12 MR. Okay. 13 MR. YOUNG: Thank you. 14 And we've been doing this MR. 15 I just find it easier. We do it on our for a while. 16 port state control exams, the same thing. When we're 17 doing the exam, we send them these sheets of here's 18 what we're going to be looking at. This makes 19 inspections go faster. 20 MR. YOUNG: So that list was emailed to the 21 ship's captain, right? 22 Yes, that's the email. 23 sure whether they can get PDF. Sometimes they do. 24 Sometimes they don't get the attachments. 25 everything is in the email. I do know this gets passed

around with the crew, too. I had people comment on it.

Usually once I do that, I also bring a copy to the ship with me to hand out to make sure. That's why I usually use this as my checklist when I'm going through doing an exam. I check the things off as we get them done. It's easier for me than carrying around those 840 books. I don't like the new ones. They don't fit in your pocket. I use them more for a reference.

But I do have a copy of our 840 book for that, too, if you want to see those. These haven't been updated since 2001. There are a few things missing out of there, the vessel general permits that we look for EPA, the new eco-requirements for fuel which really doesn't apply to El Faro. They're steam. They don't have to comply with that until 2020. And there are a few certificates missing on that like the sewage certificate (Inaudible)

MR. YOUNG: And then the next group of papers that has given me is the ACP Freight

Vessel Examination book, a blank copy. Did you have one with you that was actually filled out?

MR. No, I did not. And I did go back through and read policy after this. And it says you must fill one out. And like I said, I haven't been

doing it. I've been putting all of my findings into a missile. And part of the reason like I said we're going away from as being 840 books into being job aids for almost everything else.

But we did do all the same things. It's just going through the list. They're there. This just breaks it down. On some systems, it breaks it down a little finer, but we still do look at everything.

MR. with the Coast Guard. Two quick questions. The list that you send to the vessel, is that unique to you or Sector San Juan or is that a Coast Guard wide?

MR. It may just be us. When we started doing this is the Passing Vessel Program. The NSUE (phonetic), they came out and said this is a recommended email to send out. We've had these sheets for a long time.

I want to say we've been doing it since I got there in 98 because it's just easy to go on especially in foreign freight. If you just hand them a sheet, most of the masters on the foreign vessels may not have the best English. But they can read. So we give them the sheets.

We did the same thing for the ACP program down there. It makes it easy. Before we would just

caring and give them to the masters when we got there. 1 2 Then I'd say maybe about two and a half years or three 3 years ago we started sending these along with the email 4 saying we were going to do and acknowledge the date 5 that they wanted it for so they could get them done. But everyone seems to like it. So we just 6 7 keep doing it. It's not in our policy to do it, but 8 it's actually part of MMS system under our forms that 9 we have, a list of forms that we have out. So it is 10 there. 11 But for the foreign passenger vessel, it's 12 mandated that we send that email out. It just makes 13 exams go a lot faster. 14 And the next question, again MR. 15 with the Coast Guard, you mentioned that 16 you didn't use the 840 books. Do you happen to know if 17 Chief Warrant Officer and Lt. in the engine 18 room -- they were a different team on board -- if they 19 used it on engineering side? 20 MR. I don't know if Andy had it 21 or he just had a copy of the sheet. 22 MR. Okay. 23 MR. YOUNG: Now we'll go around the room 24 with just general questions on these sheets and then 25 notification. Lou.

1	MR. O'DONNELL: Yes, Lou O'Donnell, ABS.
2	based on your experience of the size of the
3	boarding team it appears to me you had a very
4	experienced boarding team on the El Faro. Would you
5	agree with that?
6	MR. I would say they're our A
7	team.
8	MR. O'DONNELL: Yes. Thanks. Just roughly
9	I don't want you to press your brain how many ACP
LO	freight, domestic and foreign do you do maybe in a year
L1	in San Juan? Well, let's say ACP, domestic and then
L2	just freight foreign? How many inspections?
L3	MR. ACP is probably about The
L4	numbers have changed because of the Horizon Lines just
L5	went out of business.
L6	MR. O'DONNELL: Yes.
L7	MR. But before Horizon went out,
L8	we were probably doing about six-seven a year. And now
L9	they're out of business. I think we're going to be
20	down to maybe Well, how many are
21	PARTICIPANT: Couple.
22	MR. Yes.
23	MR. O'DONNELL: Let's just add in foreign.
24	You probably do a lot more foreign.

1	MR. O'DONNELL: Would you say tens?
2	Twenties? Maybe 50 a year?
3	MR. Just foreign freight?
4	MR. O'DONNELL: Yes.
5	MR. Foreign vessels. No, it's a
6	lot more than that. I couldn't speculate. I would
7	have to pull that information up.
8	MR. O'DONNELL: So a lot. Just say it's a
9	lot.
10	MR. A lot.
11	MR. O'DONNELL: That's fine for me.
12	MR. To stay a training port you
13	have to have enough exams to train people.
14	MR. O'DONNELL: So a sufficient number.
15	Let's just say more than 50 a year.
16	MR. A lot more than that. I'd
17	say maybe closer to 100 or more.
18	MR. O'DONNELL: Okay.
19	MR. I'd have to look because we
20	keep stats. But I really don't pay too much attention
21	to it.
22	MR. O'DONNELL: So you do a lot of freight
23	vessels. How about just quickly. Even though you
24	didn't complete the CG 840 booklet which I'm not very
25	concerned with, based on your list using your list,

1	does the format you've set up through the sector I
2	think it's an excellent summary to send to the captain
3	or the crew to be prepared and based on your level of
4	experience cover everything that you need to do
5	based on that and based on the fact that ABS had
6	already gone and done all the annual and all the
7	classic statutory surveys? You had those records.
8	You'd seen all the certificates had been signed and
9	endorsed probably prior to your boarding. And as
10	you're going on, is the Coast Guard more an oversight
11	role to have those completed by ABS? Do you feel like
12	you've covered all the bases?
13	MR. Yes, what I did is I don't
14	use the 840, but actually use that sheet. We check it
15	off as we go.
16	MR. O'DONNELL: Yes, your separate sheet
17	which is very good.
18	MR. It covers everything that's
19	in that 840 book.
20	MR. O'DONNELL: Thank you. One last
21	question. Your vast experience as an inspector working
22	with the ABS and I just recall a while back you were
23	in Hampton Roads working on ACP years ago how has
24	your experience been working with ABS on the ACP
25	program, not just on freight vessels, but in the ACP

program in general?

MR.

There's always things that happen. It doesn't matter whether you're a Coast Guard inspector or an ABS inspector. We all have our strong suits and and we all look at different things. So what one person missed, hopefully the other person picks up.

It's been very good.

But usually there's no anything big like I said over the years between the two. There are some things that has gotten missed that I think I found from surveyors. But I would say that they would probably say the same thing about us. It's just one of those things.

MR. O'DONNELL: One last quick question based on that. Would you say there's a good cooperation level between the class and the flag as Coast Guard when those kind of situations come up resolving the issues?

MR. Yes, no problems. Usually call them up and they're there. Usually have to go through the owner first. But the NAVIC says if the owner doesn't want to do we can all ABS and we get to still bill them.

But usually with TOTE or their predecessor SEASTAR, there was no problem there. If you had a

1 problem, just call the surveyor. And if they weren't 2 on the island, then we were try to work something out 3 with the Fort Lauderdale office to get things done. Thank you. MR. O'DONNELL: All right. 4 No 5 further questions. with the Coast Guard. 6 7 You had mentioned that you guys were out there 8 performing an annual exam. There's three different 9 types of exams the Coast Guard does on these vessels 10 during the five year, annual, periodics and renewal. 11 Can you explain to the group real quick what an annual 12 exam is? What a periodic is? What a renewal is? And 13 what is the difference between them? Then they can 14 understand what the annual was and what the scope of it 15 was. 16 MR. Okay. The COI, it's a more 17 in-depth exam of the vessel. And COIs are good for 18 five years. 19 Annual exams, just like I said, we're on 20 there annually to look at the systems and also like I 21 said actually in the marine safety manual it talks 22 exactly what you're there for. Usually for the 23 annuals, it's more human performance and for following 24 up on, not the back-up, port state control exam. 25 The AP exams out there are kind of like an

enhanced port state control exam. We look at the paperwork, all the servicing reports, what ABS has done. And we actually go out and do drills, firefighting drills. And we also -- how do I want to say this -- do a ded walk, just walk through the vessel.

We're not really testing too many systems, but there are some on that sheet I just passed around. There is a list of the operational ones that we do, usually steering or the water separator and the fire main to make sure that it's working. There may be something else on that list.

If we see anything that concerns us, then we expand things. We're more on board on the ACP. Our role is more as a auditor than an inspector.

You have the COI which is issued for five years. It's a little more in-depth. The 840 book covers what things are a little more in-depth.

Then you have your annual exams which covers basically some of the same things, but it's not as indepth as the COI. And you have the periodic which is usually between the second and third years. And it covers about the same scope as the COI.

Then there's actually a fourth exam out there. The commandant after they do their analysis of

1	all the deficiencies and everything decides that the
2	vessel needs more oversight. They get put on an
3	oversight list. Those are done at six months between
4	the annual exams roughly. El Faro was not on that exam
5	list.
6	So this was an annual exam.
7	Would it be fair to say you as the lead inspector doing
8	an annual exam the scope of the exam would have been at
9	your discretion?
10	MR. Yes.
11	As an annual exam?
12	MR. And even the COI the scope
13	is still at the discretion of the inspector.
14	Of the lead inspector. So you
15	determine the level and the scope of what was going to
16	be done.
17	MR. If we start finding things,
18	then we ratch it up to the inspection.
19	Right. Can you tell us just
20	real quick on an annual exam for an ACP vessel for
21	Puerto Rico what is the normal duration of an ACP exam
22	for any vessel and what is the duration of an exam for
23	the El Faro that day?
24	MR. I'm trying to think how long
25	we were on board. Usually we get on board about 9:00

1	a.m. and I'm not sure because I did that El Unica
2	inspection a couple of months later. And I'm not sure
3	how long we were on board. But usually we were on
4	board until about maybe 1:00 p.m. or 2:00 p.m.
5	So about four hours?
6	MR. About four hours.
7	Is that a typical duration for
8	an ACP annual exam for Puerto Rico?
9	MR. Yes, usually about that
10	long.
11	So it wasn't any shorter or
12	longer than any other exam that you did.
13	MR. No. They're usually about
14	the same.
15	Is there a large difference in
16	the duration between an annual, periodic and a renewal
17	for COI and ACP? Or are they all pretty standard?
18	MR. No, we're pretty much doing
19	the same thing for each one. Just going through all
20	the paperwork and doing it all at once.
21	So really with you as the lead
22	inspector the difference between annual, periodic and
23	COI the scope is generally the same.
24	MR. The same because usually
25	there's not that much of a difference between the

1	types. When we're walking around, it's just I'm
2	looking at the stuff. Since I've been doing this for
3	so long, I can walk up and see something and keep going
4	and write it down.
5	The day that you did that did
6	you have any apprentice marine inspectors on board that
7	you were conducting training with?
8	MR. which she
9	was on board. But she was not I guess she was there
10	for training, but not training for deep draft and
11	domestic quals. Just general training.
12	And you had mentioned the MMS
13	system, the acronym. Can you explain that to us and
14	what that is?
15	MR. That's something the Coast
16	Guard has gone to. It's just a better way of
17	documenting our procedures.
18	What does MMS stand for?
19	MR. Mission management system.
20	Okay.
21	MR. And I'm trying to remember
22	how long ago that came out. It's been maybe four years
23	ago, somewhere in there. It has gone through two
24	audits since then on the system, actually three audits,
25	four audits. Two of them are from FORCE COM. One of

them is from we were doing what they call Mido (phonetic) periodics. Then we also had crew ship NSUE come down and they did an audit along with basic crew ship training that they give us. So four audits in total.

The two audits from FORCE COM kind of general. One was our initial kickoff of the system which they were impressed that we actually had some stuff for them when they got there. That's usually more of -- That one is just to train us on how to do it. And we actually went to the website and look and started getting ready for it before they got there.

Then the audit we had I want to say last April or May time frame we actually did pretty good on it. They said we were one of the top in the country from what they'd seen. But it's really just documents.

We used to have chief inspections on OCMI policies. It was all recombined and rewritten and updated so that they have the most current stuff that we have. It also covers any Coast Guard forms that we have to use, any Coast Guard policy, letters, marine safety manuals, just one-stop shopping so we know where everything is. We actually keep track of when was the last time we actually updated it.

We have like I said a pretty robust system.

Anyone who has seen it likes it. All the apprentices that leave wants to have the next port to have it.

Everyone is working through this. This is ten audits around the Coast Guard. I think everyone has had at least two audits now.

So you've been through two mission management system audits. In those audits, was your system issued an nonconformities?

weren't anything really big. One of them -- on the last audit, the biggest one they hit us on was safe work practices. We have that fixed. I think there was something else, but I don't remember.

Safe work practices is a big one because we had to go out to know the unit. We had to modify it to fit our port. We didn't need cold weather safe work practices in San Juan. But this is something that we continue to work on.

Our mission management system, just to let you know, we do have a meeting every two weeks going over the instructions that we've still got in draft form or the things that need to be written. And they are doing internal audits to the unit. We just recently changed that to where every two months we're having an audit on different parts of the system.

1 So that's doing your own 2 internal audit. 3 MR. Yes. So what other question with 4 5 regards to the team that day? Were there any fatigue factors with the team? Do you feel like you had the 6 7 proper resources in support to conduct the ACP 8 inspection? And then overall has your bull pen been 9 properly resourced and trained for these types of 10 inspections? 11 MR. Everyone was well rested. 12 Yes, I think we had the correct team on board for what 13 we were doing. As for the bull pen itself, that 14 changes year to year. I should say every couple of 15 years because of the active duty transferring in and 16 out. But we work around it usually. 17 There's been a year when I had to do both 18 the hull and the machinery side. But I've actually had 19 trainees along with me to help because they knew port state controls. At those times I felt that we still --20 21 In those cases, where we had those, I actually went 22 through the whole ship. So those times took longer. 23 Right now, we're sitting pretty good because 24 I have the new warrant that reported in this year. 25 has steam. So that helps.

1	On that day did you have any
2	other inspections scheduled or did anybody on the team
3	have any other inspections scheduled? Were you guys
4	under any type of a time constraint to get to another
5	inspection over there?
6	MR. No.
7	Any other meetings or any
8	pressure to get through the inspection quick and get
9	somewhere else?
10	MR. No, not that I remember.
11	Usually even on port state exams, we only schedule one
12	inspection a day per team because usually we have to
13	travel to different parts of the island if it's not in
14	San Juan. So we just try to keep it to one team, one
15	vessel, one inspection for the most part.
16	But sometimes that doesn't work out. We
17	have to go out and do two exams. Like I say, probably
18	about 95 percent of the time or even higher, it's just
19	one team, one vessel.
20	from Coast
21	Guard. How would you say that alternate compliance
22	program compares to a all Coast Guard inspection of the
23	same type of vessel if we were to do non ACP?
24	MR. Not even close. Usually
25	just to do a regular Coast Guard inspection on El Faro

or something like that it would be about two days, two long days, to go through all the surveys. I know that one of the reasons we went to ACP is because we kind of had duplicate inspection. We had ABS doing their exams and then doing ours.

But for a shipowner to take a vessel out of service for two days, that's kind of difficult. It's a lot of money for them. And with the ABS doing their surveys, they can spread them out over time which probably is a little better because you've got someone on board more often. But it all depends on the strength of that surveyor.

I can actually say I was on a vessel where the first one kicked out of ACP. And I'm not going to mention the class society. It wasn't ABS. And I was not impressed with the condition of the vessel. But that was also a bad owner, too. They had a lot of problems.

It took me -- It had actually gone dry dock because it had some rudder problems. They didn't get COI back for almost a year because we made them do a lot of work to bring it back up and to do all the certificates and everything that we needed.

Can you just repeat for the Board member whenever you said that there was an CIO

1	exam and an ACP exam? What are you referring to?
2	MR. The CIO, we're doing
3	everything.
4	You said it's not even close.
5	MR. It's not even close.
6	A clarification.
7	MR. Because you're on board and
8	usually it's two inspectors, one hull and one
9	machinery. They're on board for two days.
10	For a COI.
11	MR. For a COI and they're
12	usually there late each day to go through everything.
13	We're doing everything that ABS would do in two days.
14	from the
15	Coast Guard. Could you maybe give us from your
16	position what would you say that difference is between
17	a Coast Guard marine inspector and a class surveyor in
18	terms of the way they work with the vessel or their
19	position with the ship?
20	MR. Could you repeat that
21	question?
22	Yes. What I would like to
23	find out is your take on the difference between having
24	a Coast Guard marine inspector visit on one of these
25	vessels and a class surveyor in terms of how the

industry involved in that commercial vessel works with 1 2 the Coast Guard versus a class surveyor. 3 MR. How would I say this? It 4 depends on the type of exam. If we're doing like the 5 full COI, I think the level of cooperation is the same 6 on both for the vessel. Just that the class surveyors 7 are on more often than we are. So they probably know 8 the vessels a little better than we do. 9 And it also depends on where they get their 10 I know that the El Faro -- they probably got exams. 11 some of their exams done in Jacksonville and some of 12 them done in Florida. I think it all depends on 13 scheduling and what's available. 14 I'm trying to think what else. The Coast 15 Guard are on there for a short period of time. have to get a quick snapshot of what's going on on the 16 17 vessel. 18 So essentially as a Coast 19 Guard inspector you're on there once a year for four 20 hours. 21 Yes. MR. 22 And then as a class 23 surveyor you're on there --24 They're on there a lot more MR. 25 often. I know that when I first started doing the

inspections we had owners out there that wanted us to 1 2 do running inspections. And they said no. Wouldn't 3 I don't think the law really allowed for it allow it. at the time for us to do that. 4 5 Are you done with that answer? 6 I think so. 7 Okay. In your opinion, do we 8 have enough oversight via the ACP exam detailed in the 9 840 book to properly oversight the class society? 10 It depends on what inspector MR. 11 you ask out there. Part of our problem with this is to 12 be qualified to do ACP you have to hold the major 13 Since ACP has come along we've lost some of 14 that experience. You still have some of the old 15 inspectors still around. I'm not sure how much longer 16 they're going to be. 17 And there's only a few that can actually 18 issue deep draft quals out there. There's an obtain 19 and sustain list that gets put out by headquarters. 20 couldn't tell you which ones they are right now. 21 think San Francisco can do steam. An inspector I got 22 just came from there, an apprentice and now is a 23 journeyman. He actually has steam qual from there. 24 There are other ports around that can do 25 those. But the majority I think are port state control

out there. But our inspectors, they all want to get hull and machinery quals. That's their goal.

Whether all of us should get, that's another matter. I think if you're an engineer you should at least get your machinery. The hull we can get that.

But if we get an hull inspector that has no engineering background whatsoever and put him in a machinery qual,

I don't think they should be getting them.

If they can go through all the PQS and do it, they come up with it. They are not as qualified.

I imagine ABS has some of the same problems. You have different levels of qualifications for surveyors and different knowledge levels.

Coast Guard again. You mentioned something I wanted to hit on about ACP having its impacts on the training and qualification in San Juan. In your opinion, if you're on the vessel that you currently inspected, if ACP were handled differently and it was a more expansive Coast Guard exam, would your personnel be able to get qualified?

MR. I don't think they would at the current number of ships that we have. We're losing
-- I know TOTE is getting rid of all their steam ships.

And we're getting those two new L&G powered, I don't

1	think we'd have enough vessels to actually get
2	qualified to do it.
3	MR. STITH: Kevin Stith, TOTE Services.
4	Just a couple of questions. You stated that you
5	reviewed the ABS documents saying that they had
6	completed their annuals. Did you have any
7	communications with the ABS surveyors or survey who
8	completed those exams?
9	MR. No, I didn't. Sometimes
10	they'll be there if they're going to issue
11	certificates. But on this case, they weren't there.
12	They were called in later that day for a steering
13	problem that they had on the vessel.
14	MR. STITH: To your recollection, you never
15	spoke with them and said, "Yes, he never said it." Or
16	they never said, "We're done with the inspection.
17	Everything is good to go."
18	MR. No. Usually I talk to TOTE
19	and make sure that the exams are done before we even
20	schedule an exam.
21	MR. STITH: So requested your attendance.
22	MR. Yes.
23	MR. STITH: The age of the El Faro is
24	approximately 40 years. Have you been on vessels for
25	annual inspections about the same age?

1	MR. Yes. Most of the vessels
2	that we enter are that age or a little older.
3	MR. STITH: In your experience with 40 year
4	old ships, how would the El Faro compare to those ships
5	as far as I guess condition, the overall condition?
6	MR. Conditions. Actually, the
7	El Faro was the better of the ones that we've been on.
8	But all the SeaStar and TOTE at that time, ships had
9	been on better condition than the ones that Horizon
10	Lines had.
11	MR. STITH: Have you also conducted
12	machinery inspections on the El Faro on the engine room
13	and the steam lines?
14	MR. In the scope of ACP, I think
15	in 2011 when we issued the COI I was down in the engine
16	room.
17	MR. STITH: Can you recall the general
18	condition of the engine room?
19	MR. In 2011, it looked
20	excellent. You would have to ask
21	came up, he told me that everything looked really good
22	down there.
23	MR. STITH: Okay. Thank you. That's all I
24	have.
25	MR. FURUKAWA: Jon Furukawa, NTSB. The

1	Captain here just mentioned the El Faro looked pretty
2	good for a older vessel compared to other older
3	vessels. How would an older vessel compare with a
4	newer vessel?
5	MR. It's just the maintenance
6	level. Newer ships, less maintenance. But the El
7	Faro, besides corrosion. Corrosion from what I'd seen
8	on the El Faro wasn't that bad. They were actually
9	doing a lot of work trying to keep it up.
10	I know they don't always get as much done as
11	they would like. But they seem to be keeping
12	everything up as much as possible. Like I said, those
13	vessels are generally in better condition than older
14	vessels I've seen.
15	MR. FURUKAWA: But older vessels. But newer
16	vessels?
17	MR. Newer vessels
18	MR. FURUKAWA: Corrosion would you say.
19	MR. Yes, corrosion because
20	they're not as Newer vessels they don't have the
21	time. Time is an enemy I guess you would say to steel
22	when you put it in salt water.
23	MR. FURUKAWA: So newer vessels have more
24	problems?
25	MR. No, no. They have less just

because they're newer and probably better coating 1 2 systems and stuff were put on it at the beginning. 3 MR. FURUKAWA: So to combat the corrosion, 4 they're cropping or? 5 MR. On the older vessels, yes. 6 They have to do some crop and renewals. Just looking 7 through the ABS records, there is some work they've 8 Two of the outstanding conditions for been doing. 9 class were for (1) a hole up forward of the forward 10 peek tank (phonetic) I think. I would have to look. 11 One was a vessel forward peek tank on the 12 aft trenders bulkhead. In the way of connection to the 13 main deck, they found some waste in the hull area. 14 starboard side drain, they did a temporary repair. And 15 they started the annuals back in January. So this is 16 something they found back in January when they started. 17 They did a temporary repair. 18 issued a requirement for dry dock which is in 2016 19 which they were supposed to go to dry dock the next 20 month. This is what they scheduled. 21 And then there was a number one port double 22 They found frames 50 and 51 detached at the 23 starboard connection. I have a copy of the report 24 This is the same thing that's in the record.

we do look at these. And actually in my narrative I

1 mention these. 2 And this isn't anything out of ordinary from 3 my experience of doing steel repair. It's something that can wait for dry dock where we can actually get it 4 5 out of the water and actually be able to work on it. Nothing that I'd seen out of the ordinary as I was 6 7 reading this. 8 MR. FURUKAWA: Who discovered that? Was 9 that the ship's company? The ABS surveyor? The Coast 10 Guard? 11 MR. I have no idea. This is on 12 an ABS report. So it must have been when ABS was on 13 board. 14 MR. FURUKAWA: With the frames 50 and 51 15 being detached, would the vessel need permission to 16 continue sailing or? 17 No, I don't think there's a 18 problem. 19 MR. FURUKAWA: For a COI, the alternate 20 compliance program, as I understand it any surveyor can 21 do the inspections for the Coast Guard. 22 For alternate compliance, 23 You have to get permission to be classified to 24 issue international certificates, you actually have to

go through a process and I think that's in 46 CFR Part

2 or Part 8, somewhere up there. It talks about what 1 2 you need to do. They actually have to submit an 3 application to the Coast Guard. And they actually have to, besides their class rules, prepare what's called a 4 5 U.S. Supplement. Those are things that's not covered 6 the international rules or class rules. They compare 7 it with Coast Guard regulations. If there's a gap in 8 there, then they have to use U.S. Supplement. 9 MR. FURUKAWA: As an American class ship, 10 does a U.S. shipping company have to use an American 11 class society? Or do they shop around to get a 12 foreign? 13 Well, there's only a few of 14 them out there. There's ABS which is the first one. 15 And then there's D&V, GO which is DVGO now. And I 16 think Lloyds. But not all of them are allowed to do 17 the same. There's different levels and they may be 18 able to do different types of vessels. 19 Okay. But they can use D&V MR. FURUKAWA: 20 or American ship companies D&V or Lloyds. 21 They could. MR. 22 MR. FURUKAWA: For the annual inspection, 23 the class society can do that on behalf of the Coast 24 Guard without the Coast Guard being on board the 25 vessel.

1	MR. Do the surveys?
2	MR. FURUKAWA: Right.
3	MR. Yes. But when they do the
4	surveys they're supposed to invite us to come if we
5	want. And usually I've been getting notices like the
6	day before. Because it conflicts with other things we
7	have scheduled, we usually don't get out there. But we
8	did make it out to one recently where there was an ISM
9	audit. But I don't remember which vessel
10	that was. But my chief inspections went out there
11	because he wanted to take a look.
12	with Coast Guard.
13	Just one thing for clarification just to make sure that
14	you understand that ABS cannot do the COI annual exam
15	on behalf of the Coast Guard. The Coast Guard marine
16	inspectors have to do that annual exam. For the COI,
17	for the every five year COI, the Coast Guard is not
18	doing that as that two day inspection.
19	MR. No.
20	MR. FURUKAWA: It is all Coast Guard. So
21	ABS is getting in conjunction with Coast Guard,
22	correct?
23	MR. No. We have in the Marine
24	Safety Manual it talks about the whole program. So if
25	you want I can give you this copy that I have of it.

We have two guidance documents. One is the Marine 1 2 Safety Manual, Chapter 9, Section B. It talks about 3 it. Then we have a NAVIC. A NAVIC is more for 4 5 the owners of the vessel to how to actually get into 6 the program and get certified. I think it also talks 7 about how the classification societies can actually get 8 into the program, too. It's very detailed. 9 MR. FURUKAWA: But you feel that vessel is 10 still getting everything looked at. 11 Yes. MR. 12 The historic two day MR. FURUKAWA: 13 inspection and the ABS with Coast Guard or in this case 14 ABS with Coast Guard of everything that's --15 MR. Yes, everything they're 16 supposed to do equivalent to a Coast Guard inspection. 17 MR. FURUKAWA: Is taken care of. 18 MR. Everything. And that's how 19 it's laid out in this program. It's an equivalent 20 level of inspection. And if it gets into ACP, he's doing alternate compliance. That means he's doing the 21 22 international. He has to get SOLAS vessel. I should 23 say he has to get certified as a SOLAS vessel. 24 doesn't have to go in and enter international, but 25 certified with SOLAS, meet the class rules and the U.S.

1	Supplement. And the U.S. Supplement is the gap between
2	Coast Guard regulations and the International Class
3	Rules that there's gaps in.
4	MR. FURUKAWA: Is there much of a difference
5	between a vessel cleared for coastal versus deep sea?
6	MR. No, if you go into the ACP
7	program, you have to meet SOLAS.
8	MR. FURUKAWA: SOLAS, okay.
9	MR. That's the way the program
10	is set. You have to meet the international
11	conventions.
12	MR. FURUKAWA: Same standards, okay. And
13	you mentioned the COI. I think it was the COI or
14	annual inspection that there was a steering problem.
15	MR. Yes, it had a hunting, an
16	overshoot.
17	MR. FURUKAWA: An overshoot.
18	MR. And that's documented in the
19	activity itself.
20	MR. FURUKAWA: What date was that about?
21	MR. We did the exam on 6 March
22	of this year.
23	MR. FURUKAWA: This year, okay. And
24	(Background noise)
25	MR. Yes. San Juan.

1	MR. YOUNG: This is Brian Young with the
2	NTSB. One of the next places we'd like to go is the
3	narrative from that inspection which I think will
4	include that. So maybe we'll just bolt that altogether
5	as one round of questioning
6	MR. FURUKAWA: Okay.
7	MR. MILLAR: Mike Millar, ABS. You
8	mentioned earlier that you had a team of about four
9	people for the annual Coast Guard ACP inspection.
10	MR. Yes.
11	MR. MILLAR: And is that a typical team
12	make-up?
13	MR. We take trainees with us.
14	Like I said, one of them was an apprentice.
15	MR. MILLAR: So you basically had three
16	qualified people and it would be for a period of about
17	four hours. So you've got about 12 man hours involved
18	on a job.
19	MR. Well, we just broke into two
20	teams is what we did. One did hull and one did
21	machinery.
22	MR. MILLAR: But at least as man hours
23	extended you're looking at about 12 man hours. And if
24	you were doing a full COI, you'd still have two teams.
25	MR. Yes, two teams. Back when I

1	did it, like I said, hull and machinery, machinery
2	inspector and hull inspector. Since I was a trainee, I
3	went along.
4	MR. MILLAR: And that would have been for
5	over two days and much longer days.
6	MR. Yes, usually we would finish
7	up about 9:00 p.m.
8	MR. MILLAR: So in terms of man hours
9	expended for a full solely Coast Guard COI, what would
10	you estimate the man hours to accomplish that?
11	MR. You would have gotten on
12	board at around 7:00 a.m. or 8:00 a.m. in the morning,
13	got off at 9:00 p.m. So 12-13 hours. So about 26
14	hours. Then if there was a trainer, then there would
15	be another 13 hours. So that would be about 39 hours
16	on board. That's back when I was doing this back in
17	the 90s.
18	MR. MILLAR: Okay. So about roughly 40 man
19	hours.
20	MR. About that.
21	MR. MILLAR: Over a course of two days.
22	MR. Yes.
23	MR. MILLAR: All right. And in your
24	capacity as a Coast Guard inspector, you would go
25	aboard a lot of vessels. Do you have interaction most

of the seafarers during the course of the day or is it 1 2 just a captain or chief engineer? 3 Usually it's the captain and MR. chief engineer. But we do depending on what systems 4 5 we're testing see the electrician or the first engineer, third engineer, second mate. Yes, we see a 6 7 variety, but usually not too many of the unrated. 8 should say the -- However you want to say it. 9 Unlicensed. 10 MR. Unlicensed people. Wе 11 usually don't see them that often other than when we do 12 the licensing check. We check everyone on board and we 13 usually have them bring their original licenses up to 14 us or MMDs. 15 MR. MILLAR: During the course of your 16 attendance on these vessels, have you ever experienced 17 crew complaint? 18 MR. No. I actually see them 19 during the drills, too. But no, we haven't. At least, 20 not in the recent past. On foreign flight vessels, 21 every once a while we'll get someone who will slip us a 22 note saying we've got a problem. But I've had it I 23 should say not in the recent past. We haven't had any 24 complaints from anyone or even anonymous phone calls to

the office saying that there's problems.

1	MR. MILLAR: Thank you.
2	MR. With the Coast
3	Guard. Just one clarifying question. You said earlier
4	that for a full inspection on this type of vessel if it
5	was not ACP it would have been two days. Were you
6	speaking of an annual or a COI exam?
7	MR. That's a COI.
8	MR. That's a COI. How long would
9	a typical annual take on a vessel like this?
10	MR. Well, remember the time
11	frames changed. We used to issue COIs for every two
12	years. And that changed to five years to line up with
13	the international. I forget exactly when that
14	happened, but used to be on board every two years.
15	But the annuals were shorter. On the annual
16	you weren't going through. On the COI we used to strip
17	the lifeboats, have all the survival seats out, all the
18	life jackets. And on the annuals usually it's more of
19	back then just doing a walk-through and the drills of
20	the vessel. So it's different.
21	MR. On a vessel of this class had
22	it not been ACP and you were doing a full annual,
23	approximately how long do you think that would take?
24	MR. It probably would have been
25	most of the day.

1	MR. Most of one day.
2	MR. Yes. Because there's still
3	a lot of things that you're looking at.
4	MR. Right.
5	MR. Because you are the flag
6	state surveyor.
7	MR. Right. Thank you.
8	I've got one other question. In
9	your annual inspection earlier this year, if you can
10	recall, maybe just the general condition of safety
11	equipment. Can you describe if it was in good
12	condition, adequate or?
13	MR. It looked in good condition
14	when we were on there.
15	Thank you.
16	MR. FURUKAWA: Along with that question
17	Jon Furukawa NTSB that's for an older vessel, good
18	condition, compared to a newer vessel or?
19	MR. Well, I don't distinguish
20	between new and old. It just looked in good condition.
21	It looked like it was well maintained.
22	MR. FURUKAWA: Because with SOLAS, dealing
23	with lifeboats like that, would that be allowed on a
24	newer vessel today?
25	MR. No. In 1986, they went to

1	enclosed lifeboats. And after that, they came out with
2	some regulations for the free fall. I'm not sure what
3	year the free fall lifeboats came in.
4	MR. FURUKAWA: Free fall lifeboats are only
5	in tank vessels or freight vessels, too?
6	MR. No, freight vessels have
7	them.
8	MR. FURUKAWA: Thank you.
9	MR. PETROSKI: Good morning. Mike Petroski,
10	Group Chairman for the NTSB Operational and Nautical
11	Group. Did any of your tests include SSASVDR
12	inspections or tests or anything of the coastal units?
13	MR. We look at the paperwork to
14	see when they were last serviced. Then when we walk
15	by, we just make sure that they're there. Other than
16	that, if we see any alarms like on the VDR if they see
17	alarms or something like that, then we'll inquire
18	further what's going on with the systems. That day
19	everything looked okay.
20	MR. PETROSKI: So no actual operational
21	tests of the unit.
22	MR. No. Actually, the 406 E
23	(Inaudible) we teach our inspectors not to test them
24	because you actually have to have some special
25	equipment to do that.

1	MR. PETROSKI: Are those part of the SSAS or
2	VDR?
3	MR. Like the EPIRB, you can't
4	talk about ship security alert system. The ship
5	security alert system, that is usually depending. It
6	could be an independent system or it could be part of
7	the GMDSS (phonetic). I don't know on that vessel if
8	it was actually part of the GMDSS or not.
9	MR. PETROSKI: So your answer is you didn't
10	test any of that equipment.
11	MR. No.
12	with the Coast Guard.
13	Just to help, did you check any certificates or
14	documents for the SSAS that a third party had inspected
15	over or anything like that?
16	MR. Yes, we checked the
17	servicing records to make sure that they were serviced.
18	MR. O'DONNELL: Quickly. Lou O'Donnell,
19	ABS. So you reviewed the records in the last
20	inspection from the FCC radio inspector for the GMDSS
21	and radio and navigation and all that.
22	MR. Yes.
23	And that would include the SSAS.
24	MR. Yes. It's SAS.
25	You included all that.

1	MR. And then there's actually
2	separate certificates for some of us. It's not just
3	that.
4	MR. O'DONNELL: Conformance certificates and
5	everything, yes.
6	MR. Yes.
7	MR. O'DONNELL: So I think the answer is you
8	reviewed certificates, but you did no tests.
9	MR. No.
LO	MR. O'DONNELL: Thank you.
L1	MR. That's all covered Most
L2	of that is covered under FCC regulation. We don't get
L3	in depth rather than just looking at the certificates.
L4	MR. O'DONNELL: How about the GMDSS? Is
L5	that tested or inspected at all? The GMDSS equipment.
L6	Let me say that.
L7	MR. Honestly, I can't say
L8	whether we actually run a test that day or not. I
L9	don't remember. But usually we go up there and look at
20	the printouts and stuff and the systems to see if it
21	has been working. And we actually sometimes have them
22	do a distress alert test. I don't know if we did that
23	day or not.
24	MR. O'DONNELL: Following along on that
25	question, when you do a distress alert, which one of

the modes would you use? 1 2 They set it up. We don't MR. 3 touch it. But for the near frequency or high frequency, I can't remember. They goes to (Inaudible) 4 5 Lab for the test because the local sectors do not get the test signal. And for the VHMM (phonetic) the local 6 7 sector, actually the local command center can actually 8 But sometimes they don't respond. depends on whether they're watching that the test part 9 10 of it or not. 11 MR. O'DONNELL: So a follow-on to that is 12 you have different modes. Is there any specific mode 13 that you target? Do you use all the modes, VHF, MF, 14 HF, mini C, whatever they have on there? Do you do all 15 the modes or do you just pick one? 16 Just usually the medium MR. 17 frequency? 18 MR. O'DONNELL: MF, medium frequency. 19 MR. Yes. 20 MR. O'DONNELL: Okay. Thank you. 21 MR. O'DONNELL: The test of the bilge 22 alarms, it's on your little book there of what you 23 normally go ahead and inspect or test. What kind of 24 tests or inspections do you do at the bilge alarm? 25 They're just left afloat to MR.

make sure we get an alarm. I don't know if the El Faro 1 2 actually has a bilge alarm because it is a manned 3 engine room. So I don't know if that vessel actually has it or not. 4 5 But I wasn't the one doing the exam that So I don't know if they had that. 6 7 MR. O'DONNELL: So can we ask you to confirm 8 that if it was done or not? Will that show in your 9 inspection booklet whether they did that or not? 10 Like I said, we didn't MR. No. 11 fill out the thing, but I could actually contact the 12 inspector that did it and he could tell us. I do know 13 he said you talked to him two days ago. He said he 14 actually went back to the shaft seal back there to make 15 sure everything was okay. I have to ask him if he 16 actually tested it. 17 MR. O'DONNELL: If you did test them, would 18 they include those out of the engine room? 19 I don't believe that vessel MR. 20 is required to have bilge alarms in the cargo holds and 21 even under SOLAS it's not required to have it. So I 22 don't know if they would or would not have that. MR. O'DONNELL: So if it were not SOLAS 23 24 required you would not test them if they happened to be 25 there.

1	MR. If they were there, we would
2	test them.
3	MR. O'DONNELL: Whether they were SOLAS or
4	not?
5	MR. Yes. If they go above the
6	regulations we'll take a look. But I don't remember
7	there being bilge alarms on the vessel.
8	MR. O'DONNELL: What kind of inspection was
9	made of watertight doors and watertight enclosures?
10	MR. When we were walking around,
11	we made sure that all the enclosures will fit up and
12	that they have the nuts and everything. It's all in
13	good solid condition.
14	On the El Faro, they have these big
15	watertight doors and those were we were just walking
16	through when I was looking at them I'm looking at
17	the condition of the gaskets and the closing devices
18	because when they're loading cargo it's kind of hard to
19	test them. It just isn't a manual exam.
20	But on some of the doors I should say all
21	the doors I'd seen I can't remember if it was on
22	this one or on the El Unica they had actually chop
23	tested all those doors.
24	MR. O'DONNELL: When you say they, had your
25	inspectors chop tested?

1 No, the vessel head. And I 2 imagine that was probably with ABS. That's just 3 speculation, but I don't know if that's in the ship's 4 safety management system to do that or not how often 5 they actually do that. MR. O'DONNELL: Do you also spot check or 6 7 chalk test? Do you do any chalk testing by the way? 8 MR. Usually not. Unless we have 9 So we're looking at doors. I have chalk a reason to. 10 I've even done hose tests on doors if it tested. 11 looked like there was a question about it being 12 watertight or not. 13 MR. O'DONNELL: How about the noncargo 14 doors? There were scuttles along the second deck there 15 that were smaller watertight doors. 16 Yes, we looked at all that. MR. 17 MR. O'DONNELL: You looked at all those. 18 MR. It's not just -- We walk 19 through and look at everything. It's just general 20 impression and it doesn't take very long to look at 21 those things to making sure the knife edges are all 22 good and that they're not wasted away or the gaskets 23 are in there. 24 And the scuttles look like they can actually 25 Sometimes we'll turn them to make sure to see close.

how frayed they are. It's not every single one. 1 2 just a walk-through to make sure everything is there 3 and everything looks like it's in good condition. MR. O'DONNELL: How about the watertight 4 5 door panel, the alarm panel? Do you look at that? 6 MR. On the bridge. Usually just 7 that it's there. There's going to be lights on or off 8 depending on what doors are opened and closed. 9 MR. O'DONNELL: So you look at the lights to 10 see that they're on or off and that they operate or 11 anything like that. Do you normally do that? 12 Yes. It's just like I said MR. 13 walking by it and make sure it's there. But we don't 14 actually test to make sure the alarms are working. 15 MR. O'DONNELL: Do you look at any stability 16 related data, any computer required manuals related to 17 stability? 18 MR. That's part of our exam. We 19 check that they have the loading manual. Then what 20 we've recently been checking is making sure that the 21 software that they've loaded on computers is current 22 and it's actually in their stability -- It's the same 23 version that's in their stability. If it's not, then 24 have them to get that updated. Make sure they have the 25 correct ones.

1	MR. O'DONNELL: Did you (Inaudible)
2	MR. I did look at that. I mean
3	that's one of the things we looked at. We always look
4	at it.
5	MR. O'DONNELL: Great. Then were they for
6	the ship of class or were they actually for that
7	vessel? The El Faro? Did it say El Faro?
8	MR. To be honest, I can't
9	remember. El Faro was a different name at one time. I
10	think it was called Northern Lights. I'm not sure
11	which one it was whether it lined up with the new name
12	with the ABS stamp on it or I couldn't tell you
13	because I can't remember that long ago.
14	MR. O'DONNELL: That's it. Thank you.
15	MR. YOUNG: This is Brian Young with the
16	NTSB. We're starting to get into more of the day of
17	the inspection. I know you said you had a narrative.
18	If there is anyway maybe you can go through the
19	inspection in your narrative and kind of describe the
20	condition of the ship, any findings?
21	MR. Okay.
22	MR. YOUNG: Then we'll base the next round
23	of questions on the actual inspection from the last
24	time you were there in March.
25	MR. Okay. When we're doing our

inspections according to that sheet I handed out, one of the things we did find when we were going through was the bilge pump for the cargo holds also run to the engine room. And there is a SOLAS requirement that if you're going to carry hazmat, certain types of hazmat, below decks which is usually flammables and toxics the bilge system cannot run through the engine room.

We actually identified that. And we actually changed the COI because of that. At that time, the master and the chief mate told us that they didn't carry hazmat below. But we just wanted to make sure it was documented that they couldn't do it. We didn't want it to cause a problem in the engine room.

And then the other thing that they went through which we have to do on all ships now is check the (Inaudible) and make sure it's working which they did. And the other find is we didn't have any other items that we didn't correct on the spot. But then we had the steering gear. The rudder was overshooting on the starboard of 15 degrees rudder orders by about three to four degrees. And it was a celluloid problem the chief engineering thought. So we got class to come down.

In the manual mode, there's two modes. There's non follow-up mode and the manual mode. And

the manual mode, everything worked fine. So we figured it had something to do with the electronics.

So the class issued the outstanding condition of class to have it fixed in Jacksonville.

And when they got up to Jacksonville they got it fixed.

And ABS attended up there.

Then we went through the chemical testing program to make sure that everything was good on that.

Then we went through the hazmat train records.

Everything was good there. They do about 240 minutes of training a quarter on the hazmat. So they were pretty good on that. It's just how to handle and just general awareness training for hazmat. And looked at the records there.

They seem to have a pretty good training program on board. I didn't put it in here, but they also had vessel familiarization training records of doing that kind of stuff. And that's about it.

We're doing the drills. The fire drill is very organized. You can tell they're very well trained in doing their fire drills. Usually we just watch what they do and they just go through their procedures. We don't tell them what to do and we just let them run through the whole drill and just follow the --

You have a person up on the bridge and

usually I think that day I was actually following the chief mate around because he's on (Inaudible) leader. And then I got in and see what the fire teams are actually doing to make sure they're just following the basic firefighting procedures, going down low, going in, sweeping the area.

I forget where the fire drill was. The fire drill was in the galley that day. And also when we're doing these drills we make sure it's not in the same place they held their last drill just to that it's not a pre-staged thing. I'm not sure if they did this if they have a set rotation. We ask them just to do the next drill on their rotation cycle.

But I don't know if they did it like that on this or if we just agreed that it would be the galley.

Part of the problem is they're working cargo and we didn't want people out on the cargo decks while they were moving cargo that day.

So banner ship drill we have them go through and lower the lifeboat. In this case, it was the port lifeboat I think. Let me see. It was the port lifeboat and we just lowered that to embarkation. We didn't lower it all the way down to the water's edge.

And that is basically for crew safety.

There has been a lot of problems with lifeboats being

released in the past. I actually had an open lifeboat drop on me with a crew in it once. And it wasn't good. And everything in that boat looked good, except there was one little spider underneath the engine you couldn't see. And the simultaneous releasing bar had to actually work its way through in that spot. But everything else looked brand new on that boat.

You're not talking about the El Faro.

MR. No, it's not on the El Faro.

It's on the other one. When we were doing those drills, I actually looked at those boats and everything before we even let the crew in just to make sure there were no problems. We don't want to get anyone hurt.

And then when we were lowering the boat, we were looked at the shivs and everything to make sure everything is going down good and there are no problems with the brakes. Even when they were lowering it, we actually have them stop it so that there's a shock to the system to make sure the brakes are holding.

Then you just go through and the crew is doing all this. We're just watching them and making sure they're doing everything. We question them. Look at their lifesaving equipment. At that time, they usually have their life jackets out there, whatever

equipment they're supposed to bring for the drill, survival suits, stuff like that. And sometimes we'll take a look at the survival suits and make sure they --

I don't remember that day if it was that one that El Faro actually had one of the cooks open up theirs to make sure that it actually (Background noise) and that the zippers were working good. And everything worked fine. No problems at that point. They brought everything back up and they tested limits just to make sure that they're working.

El Faro has a motor boat and a boat with a flemming gear on there. And we make sure that the flemming gear does work on those. That's about it.

And then we looked at the life rafts to make sure that they're properly stored and the service tag on there matches what was on the records that we actually looked at. That's about it. It's pretty standard.

MR. YOUNG: Was there anything out of the ordinary other than the steering issue that caused you any concern or?

MR. No, no. On the walk-through, didn't see anything out of the ordinary in the house. Didn't see any signs of water intrusion inside the house at all. I've read in the news reports about someone complaining about water getting into his cabin.

Didn't see any of that kind of stuff. Everything looked dry. Looked in good shape. Like I say, everything looked pretty good.

All the cargo securing gear that we did see because everything had been taken off because they were moving cargo, everything that we saw there looked in good shape. All the (Inaudible), all the cross bars, all that looked in good shape.

MR. YOUNG: And the competency of the crew that you dealt with?

From what we'd seen from the drills, everything looked pretty good. The crew actually performed very well.

It's nice to see a crew that worked that well together.

But other than that, like I said, no one complained about anything. We actually ate lunch on board that day so we could continue and we didn't have to come back. But no one seemed to have any concerns.

No one seemed like they were trying to talk to us about issues. I don't know.

And the officers when you asked them if there's any problems with the ship they said no which they were required by law to tell us anything. They're supposed to help us with our exams and make sure the ship is in good shape.

We've always had real good relations with 1 2 the crew, at least, the upper officers. No problems. 3 But I can't remember. On this one they 4 didn't say anything about crews. But I've had in the 5 past where the master was telling us about some 6 problems that they had with some of the unlicensed crew 7 So that's normal stuff. But this day I can't 8 remember anything where they said anything about the 9 crew members. 10 MR. YOUNG: And over all -- and maybe in 11 your report you may have put in -- what was the final 12 outcome of that inspection? 13 That it was fit for route MR. 14 and service as indicated on the certificate of 15 inspection. 16 Fit for route? MR. YOUNG: 17 Yes. 18 MR. YOUNG: And service. 19 MR. Yes. 20 MR. YOUNG: And during your conversations, 21 anybody in the crew ever reported any sort of loss of 22 propulsion or loss of blowers or any sort of issues or 23 incidents with the main propulsion unit? 24 No, nothing in output. MR. But 25 just to let you know, we do let the vessel depart port

on one blower because they wanted to clean. And they 1 2 do that on like a routine basis. I think they had done 3 like three times since January. The last time was 4 September 29th. 5 And they call us and let us know they're going to do it and tell us they're taking an extra tug 6 7 out for safety. And I checked with the chief of 8 inspection to make sure he has no problems with it. 9 Then I write back and tell them that it's okay to do that. And I have the emails for that in here. 10 11 MR. YOUNG: And when was the last time? 12 September 9th. MR. 13 MR. YOUNG: September 9th. But you notified 14 and they took a tug. 15 Yes, they notified us a few 16 days before. 17 MR. YOUNG: Okay. 18 I'm not sure where those 19 I've got them in here some place. emails are at. 20 is a common thing. It's routine maintenance. I'm not 21 sure where I put them now. I thought I had them in 22 I printed them out. But I think they did it like once in January 23 24 and then somewhere else in between there. But it's a 25 routine thing. They said they needed to pressure wash

the tubes in there so that they can get better fuel 1 2 I'll find those because I know I had them. economy. 3 MR. YOUNG: We can request them afterwards. So I'm going to pass it around the room for the thought 4 5 train of the inspection that day and general findings. MR. O'DONNELL: Lou O'Donnell, ABS. You 6 7 said you did find a small issue with the steering gear, 8 the follow-up. I think it was the follow-up mechanism 9 in the manual mode. But it was corrected. By an ABS 10 attendant and it was correct. 11 Yes, ABS in San Juan 12 attended. And he wrote an outstanding condition form 13 to get it fixed in Jacksonville because in San Juan 14 they really don't have the resources there to do it. 15 And since it's just overshooting and then they could 16 operate in manual mode, that didn't seem to be a 17 problem. 18 MR. O'DONNELL: And you didn't consider, you 19 and your team, that in any way because you gave the 20 vessel a fit for route and service. You didn't 21 consider it a safety issue. 22 No, it's something that MR. 23 needed to be fixed. It wasn't --24 MR. O'DONNELL: Significant. 25 MR. -- significant.

In both cases of

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the fire and ship drills, you commented the crew seemed very organized, competent to carry out the drills. You had no issues there. You had no issues or concerns with the competence of the drill and the thoroughness of the drills.

Thank you.

MR. No.

MR. O'DONNELL:

MR. O'DONNELL: Thank you. One last question and this is more of a general question, in your years of experience and inspections, as an experienced inspector when you walk on a vessel to start your inspections or do a periodic port state oversight, can you pick up that sixth sense, that inspector's sixth sense, essentially when you start to come up the gangway based on who you get greeted on board, cleared for security and just have a general look on the vessel whether this is going to be a rough day or a tough inspection? Or can you see that the organization, professionalism of the crew on board where this day might go pretty good, but we might find a few things? Can you see that sense in what you've done in your work in the past of whether it's going to be a long day or a normal inspection day with maybe a couple of minor findings?

MR. Yes, you get a sense of

If you're coming up on board and the thing looks 1 2 like a rusty bucket, you might say "This will be one of 3 those days." Or if you look at like the lifeboats and stuff and you see that they don't have the electric 4 5 tapes and stuff like that, you get the sense that this 6 is going to be a problem. 7 MR. O'DONNELL: And just lastly in your 8 experience with El Faro, did you ever get that sense 9 when you were going aboard the El Far any of the times 10 you went on board for inspection or for anything? 11 No. Never got that because even though it's not the cleanest ship down there on 12 13 that main row deck everything seems to be working and 14 stuff. But the engine room that we'd seen, everything 15 always looked good in the cab. In the super structure, The open decks, 16 everything always looked good. 17 everything seemed to be well maintained. 18 There are always going to be issues on a 19 If there's a ship out there that everything ship. 20 works on, I'd be surprised. In all my years of 21 sailing, I never -- because I was an electrician -- had 22 everything working at the same time. 23 MR. O'DONNELL: Understand. 24 MR. O'DONNELL: I have no further questions. 25 Mike.

1	with the Coast Guard.
2	In the inspection part of it, did you happen to test
3	the emergency generator?
4	MR. I didn't do the engineering,
5	but I believe that it was tested. Mr, like I
6	said, did the engineering. But it's very standard for
7	us to actually run them.
8	But you would have noticed it if
9	the ship went dark and the emergency lighting came on
10	or anything like that.
11	MR. We didn't do a blackout
12	test.
13	Is that in the scope of ACP
14	inspection or is that beyond that scope?
15	MR. That's beyond the scope.
16	Okay.
17	MR. They do start the engine
18	though to make sure that it's working.
19	So that's within the scope.
20	MR. Yes.
21	Okay. Going back to the GMBSS
22	real quick for clarification, the authority for testing
23	and certifying the GMBSS falls under the Coast Guard
24	regulations or the FCC regulations.
25	MR. It's radio equipment. So

it's FCC. 1 2 Thank you. For the overall, we 3 were talking earlier a little bit about the competency 4 of the crew and your interaction with them and 5 everything. And I think the best opportunity for that 6 comes during the drills and seeing how they communicate 7 together and even the nonlicensed crew. Did you feel 8 that like in its entirety the crew was competent and 9 professional in the way they conducted the drill and 10 the way they interacted? I know you already touched on 11 that a little bit. 12 Yes, they were. 13 And even the nonlicensed crew 14 members were fully engaged. 15 Yes, they knew what their MR. 16 jobs were and they had all the equipment to the scene 17 and minimal direction by the chief mate on what to do. 18 Communications were good on 19 board. 20 MR. Yes. 21 Between the radios, everybody 22 had a radio and they were working. No issue with 23 communication. 24 No, everything was going MR.

good.

_	Okay. In your inspection
2	document, it says "In your opinion, the vessel was fit
3	for service." Do you think that you could make that
4	characterization of a vessel in a four hour inspection
5	once a year? Do you think that's fair? I mean under
6	what circumstances would you say a vessel is not fit
7	for service? What's the threshold?
8	MR. If you're having problems
9	with - You've got holes in the vessel, that's a good
10	indicator. Major problems with lifesaving and
11	firefighting or the hull, watertight integrity of the
12	ship, those are all grounds to not be fit for service.
13	And they're also looking at cargo securing
14	and all that. If there are major problems with that,
15	that's where I would draw the line. I would not even
16	issue the COI or sign it until those major things are
17	taken care of.
18	Also Lou had said something
19	about walking up to the vessel. Was the vessel fully
20	loaded whenever you were out there?
21	MR. No, they were offloading.
22	They were offloading.
23	MR. Yes, offloading.
24	Have you ever observed I know
25	they come into Puerto Rico loaded, fully loaded. Have

1 you ever been out and observed the load line? 2 Yes, it depends on what time MR. 3 in the morning it is. But sometimes in the morning when I come to work the vessels are coming. 4 I can see 5 it come through. Do you think they were loaded 6 7 within the load line determination? 8 Well within. MR. Oh yes. 9 Have you ever had an issue with 10 that in the past? 11 No. I actually got a 12 detection on a carrying cargo boat that came in, bow 13 I noticed that. Sent the team over and they down. 14 actually had a hole in the forward peak. 15 But not on El Faro. 16 No, not El Faro. MR. Just 17 looking at it. Just about anyone in prevention who 18 sees a ship going by the office -- where we're located 19 we're right at the entrance of the harbor there -- we 20 can actually see the ships coming in. We're all 21 looking at that. 22 I actually had one of the corpsman there 23 asking why I was looking at the ships. It's habit. 24 Looking at the load line to make sure it's not 25 submerged.

1	One other thing. In your
2	inspection narrative, you state let me see if I can
3	get to that that the vessel is being replaced by a
4	newer vessel, an L&G powered vessel.
5	MR. Yes, that's a discussion I
6	had with the captain.
7	Okay. And do you think that
8	that had anything to do with the condition of the
9	vessel or was it still being maintained at a high level
10	knowing it was going to be replaced? Did you see any
11	change in the level of the maintenance?
12	MR. No. When I went on the El
13	Unica, I think after that they told us the El Faro was
14	going to be converted back into a full row-row. And
15	that they were going to go to Alaska. So I don't think
16	From what I'd seen on board, I didn't see anything
17	of the level of maintenance going down for that when I
18	was on board.
19	Everything seemed to be still going and they
20	were still I always ask the captain if the company
21	seems to giving them everything they need. And he
22	indicated that they have been.
23	Very good. And you stated that
24	over the deck it was not the cleanliness ship. Could

you be a little more specific about that? What was not

1	- -
2	MR. It was just regular dirt.
3	Anything that would have
4	affected the bilge and ballast system or the pumps or
5	the rose boxes to clog that up?
6	MR. No.
7	Or anything that would have
8	affected its ability to work properly?
9	MR. No, just the ordinary dust
10	and dirt that you get on a vessel that's been around
11	for a long time.
12	Okay.
13	MR. Plus down in Puerto Rico we
14	have in the summer a hair dust. So with the vents and
15	stuff blowing in, that dust even gets down into the
16	holds and stuff.
17	All right. So no piles of dirt
18	or dust that would have clogged up.
19	MR. No. That's one of the
20	things we were looking for, too, is to make sure the
21	bilges and everything is clean.
22	Maybe you can remember this and
23	maybe you can't because you did all these holds. But
24	the escape hatches from the holds, small escape hatches
25	and ladders that go up the side, did you guys test any

1	of those? I know it's beyond the scope. But did you
2	guys actually
3	MR. We actually go up some of
4	them just because the way we're doing our inspection
5	and the way cargo is operating. Sometimes we'll turn
6	the wheels. But one of the things I'm looking at is if
7	it looks like it's well greased and fresh grease. I'm
8	really not too worried about it then.
9	We don't actually close them and dog them.
10	Just make sure that Because like I said, it's just a
11	walk through. If we were going to do a full COI we
12	would. We would test them all.
13	So when you were there doing
14	your annual, they were open generally or closed.
15	MR. It depends. It depends on
16	what they're doing with cargo at the moment. So some
17	of them could be closed. Some of them could be open.
18	Okay.
19	from the
20	Coast Guard. On the class (Inaudible) there was some
21	indication of modifications in 2014 having to do with
22	fructose tanks.
23	MR. Yes.
24	Did you see that before
25	the exam?

1	MR. Yes, I did. This is like a
2	standard operation when you've got a contract I guess
3	to carry the fructose. But we actually went down into
4	I went through all the cargo holds during the exam.
5	That's just of my things that I want to make sure to go
6	through and make sure everything is good. But
7	everything down there looked in good shape.
8	So during your time on
9	board you did see those fructose tanks in the setup
10	over there?
11	MR. Yes.
12	And are you aware how that
13	was looked at in 2014 or thereafter in terms of the
14	weight change to the vessel?
15	MR. That was all handled. We
16	didn't handle any of that in San Juan. I can't even
17	remember where they had actually done the work. I know
18	that ABS was involved and they did that oversight of
19	the installation. I'm not sure where that was done.
20	I know you didn't do
21	machinery, but just checking if you happen to be aware
22	of this. During the course of the exam, do you know if
23	the steam plant was being running at all or did you ask
24	it be run?
25	MR. The steam plant was running.

1 Okay. 2 But the turbines were shut 3 down. They were running on -- On that ship they have 4 two steam turbine generators. I'm not sure how many 5 were online or anything. But I do know that the steam 6 plant was running and power was being provided. 7 Okay. And what level of -8 - Did you test any automation or alarms? Or if you did 9 what would it be that you focused on? 10 MR. I can't tell you about that 11 because I wasn't down there. But I believe Andy said 12 that he did do testing on automation. Usually what we 13 do is just pick one thing out of the automation test 14 procedures and test it to see if it's working. 15 Andy is pretty competent with that because 16 we actually had a failure on another ship that they 17 actually melted down the bearings in the propulsion 18 plant. We had to go through and we found there was 19 some automation problems. They had done some 20 modifications without telling us and updating their 21 automation test procedures to cover it. 22 And you heard of no 23 problems at all with the generators. 24 No. 25 Thank you. Okay.

1	MR. STITH: Kevin Stith for TOTE Services.
2	You said during your inspection or drills you saw that
3	crew members had emergent suits.
4	MR. Usually during the abandon
5	ship drill, they'll bring the emergency stuff up.
6	MR. STITH: For this vessel, for the El
7	Faro, for this route are emergent suits required?
8	MR. I'd have to read their COI.
9	Usually under SOLAS there is guidance for warm water
10	areas. I don't know if that's part of the COI or not.
11	It actually may be on their safety equipment
12	certificate. I'm just looking here. Usually if you
13	stay below, I think, 32 degrees, you don't have to have
14	them.
15	MR. STITH: I think it's 32, but yes. I was
16	just wondering. So they probably had safety equipment
17	that wasn't actually required.
18	MR. But it may be required by
19	SOLAS.
20	MR. STITH: Okay.
21	MR. So I'd would have to look at
22	the safety equipment certificate to see if it's
23	actually required or not. I'm just looking here. We'd
24	have to look at the safety equipment certificate to see
25	if it actually was listed on there.

1	MR. STITH: Okay. Thanks. That's all.
2	MR. FURUKAWA: John Furukawa, NTSB. Earlier
3	you were talking about the condition of the lifeboats
4	and you said that the flemming gear was in good
5	condition. In similar ship, a new ship, a row-row or a
6	row-low built today, would that vessel be allowed to
7	flemming gear lifeboat as a propulsion system?
8	MR. No, it would not. Not since
9	1986. That's when it was required to have enclosed
10	lifeboats.
11	MR. FURUKAWA: But the Coast Guard
12	grandfathers them.
13	MR. Even under SOLAS vessels
14	built before 1986 can keep the lifesaving that they
15	have on board.
16	MR. FURUKAWA: With other parts of the
17	SOLAS, would there be a period of time where you'd have
18	to replace things?
19	MR. No, they're not required to
20	replace it unless they can't replace it in kind.
21	MR. FURUKAWA: So according to the Coast
22	Guard and SOLAS, just as long as flemming gear is in
23	working condition it can go on indefinitely.
24	MR. Yes.
25	MR. FURUKAWA: Would that be up to SOLAS or

1	the Coast Guard to change it?
2	MR. I don't know if you'd
3	actually have to change SOLAS to require it. It
4	wouldn't be a bad idea to get rid of them all. But
5	that's way above my level.
6	MR. FURUKAWA: Thank you very much. No
7	further questions.
8	MR. MILLAR: Mike Millar with ABS. You were
9	talking about and there were some earlier questions
LO	about the SSAS testing. Do you guys do security audits
11	on the vessel?
L2	MR. Yes, we do. We issue an
L3	international safety certificate.
L4	MR. MILLAR: And during those audits, do you
L5	have to witness a ship's security alert system test?
L6	MR. We could. Usually what we
L7	do is we look at their records because they're required
L8	to do drills and exercises. And we look at those to
L9	see if there are any reports that they've actually done
20	the test.
21	MR. MILLAR: Is this security audit done
22	every year on board the vessel as part of the Coast
23	Guard's program? Is that part of your annual COI?
24	MR. Yes, we have actually to
25	endorse the international security certificate. So we

look at the records and usually at the COI we actually 1 2 do the drill. I'm not sure if we did on this one or 3 I remember doing it, but I don't know if it was this or -- I think we actually did drill. 4 5 But the drill usually is either we'll have them find a bomb or we'll just have them go into 6 7 lockdown and see their procedures for doing the 8 lockdown of the vessel. 9 MR. MILLAR: Do you also go through the 10 specific training and certification to become a 11 security auditor? 12 No, we have a checklist that 13 we go by. And we go through that. And that's a -- I'm 14 trying to remember. I think it's in NAVIC where it 15 talks about what we do for that. MR. MILLAR: So there's no -- Do they 16 17 consider you qualified to do the security audit if 18 you're a marine inspector? 19 MR. Let's back up. Part of our 20 PQS, there is security in there. When we're going 21 through it, people get training. But we don't go 22 through any specific course for it. 23 MR. MILLAR: If it wasn't documented in your 24 missile or your marine safety inspection record about a 25 security audit, would there have been another

1 attendance that may have taken care of that? 2 No. And we do not document MR. 3 anything with security in our narratives. That's a policy condition. 4 MR. MILLAR: 5 MR. That's a policy. If there is any deficiencies in that, we actually write a 6 7 separate narrative and it gets uploaded into a 8 It's not released to the public. document. 9 narratives, these are released to the public through 10 what we call the port state information exchange. Then 11 they can see some of this stuff. We don't put anything 12 about security in there. 13 MR. MILLAR: All right. I'm going to shift 14 gears. During the lifeboat and fire drill, it's common 15 to do both of them together or consecutively. 16 MR. Yes. 17 MR. MILLAR: When the Coast Guard boards and 18 is witnessing this, do they time these? 19 MR. We do not time. Even though 20 there are time requirements for lowering lifeboats and 21 stuff, we don't want anyone to get hurt. So we just 22 let them go through and do what they're doing as long as they're doing it safely and it looks like they know 23 24 what they're doing. 25 You can tell when people don't know what

1 they're doing real easy. And we want to make sure 2 everything is safe. We're just standing. The only 3 thing we tell them when they start the drill is we say "We're going to stand back. We're not going to tell 4 5 you what to do. But if we see something unsafe, we're 6 going to stop." That's all the guidance that we give 7 them. 8 Then usually on the port state exam, the 9 standards are what's in SOLAS. So you just have to 10 meet what the requirements in SOLAS say. If they go 11 through and they don't dress people out because it's 12 not in their procedures, we'll look at their safety 13 management system to see what their safety management system says that they do for first response and all 14 15 that. 16 So we'll go back and look. On this one, I 17 had no reason to look in their safety management system 18 because everything looked like it was working well. 19 MR. MILLAR: You talked about the COI having 20 to be changed because of hazmat in the cargo hold. Was 21 that restriction applied to all hazmat or just certain 22 types of hazmat? 23 MR. Just certain types. It's in 24 the -- What is it? 25 MR. MILLAR: The code.

1	MR. Yes, it has to do with class
2	1.4, groups 2.1, 2.2, 2.3. It's listed here. This is
3	all right out of the SOLAS.
4	MR. MILLAR: So there was an amendment to
5	the COI to correct that error.
6	MR. Yes.
7	MR. MILLAR: Did you actually test the bilge
8	pump system during your
9	MR. No, we did not during this
LO	exam.
l1	MR. With the Coast
L2	Guard. What type of In your narrative, I didn't
L3	hear much about structural integrity. Is there any?
L4	What's within the scope of an ACP exam as far as
L5	structural integrity?
L6	MR. When we arrive on the
L7	vessel, we walk down the haul and look for any
L8	problems, any dents, fractures, insets, fractures. So
L9	we're looking for those. And we're also looking at
20	haul coding to see what it looks like and also looking
21	at bottom paint for bio-failing. Then also we look at
22	the rudder to make sure that it doesn't look like
23	there's any problems with the rudder or the anchors.
24	We look at all that.
25	It's just a general walk down the deck, hand

rails, anything that we can see from the dock. That's why we document which side of the vessel was more obtrusive. But we can't see the other side because it's on the water side unless you get in a boat. That's what we look at.

Then when we walk through the interior, we're just looking at everything, looking for buckled decks, fractures in the deck, anything that looks out of place with the framing, see if there's been any modifications made to the vessel. That's all the kinds of things we're looking at.

Watertight integrity to make sure that the hatches are there and the gaskets are there and the dogging devices are there. Make sure it looks like they're meeting load line requirements for heights for conings (phonetic) and stuff above of the deck. Just general stuff like that.

MR. Can you describe on the El Faro on the last inspection how that went for that particular vessel? How did you did that process and if anything stood out?

MR. We walked all the decks. We walked around the perimeter of the vessel. On the top deck looking down and looked at cargo securing arrangements to make sure that they're good. And we

1	got down below deck. The same thing. Do entire
2	perimeter to make sure everything is looking good. Any
3	securing devices on hatches and all that's good. And
4	the same thing with the decks below that. Just like I
5	said a walk-through to just make sure everything is
6	looking good. No problems, no bent train members,
7	anything like that.
8	MR. So you didn't notice anything
9	on that particular inspection.
10	MR. No.
11	MR. Okay. Thank you. That's all
12	I have.
13	MR. FURUKAWA: Jon Furukawa. A follow-up.
14	I hate to beat a dead horse, but for the flemming gear
15	it's been allowed since 1986. In your experience, have
16	you seen foreign vessels as old as El Faro ship of 40
17	years old?
18	MR. Most of the ships that age
19	don't come to the U.S. and I think it's for the reason
20	that they don't think they can pass the port state
21	control exam. Many of the older vessels that do come
22	here tend to get detained. So they stay away because
23	they don't want to pour the money into fixing them.
24	Usually it's a maintenance issue.
25	Every once and a while we do get them

1	coming through carrying drugs and stuff. When they
2	come into port, you have to watch about falling through
3	the decks and stuff when they're that age.
4	MR. FURUKAWA: You've been an inspector now
5	for how many years?
6	MR. First qual 1993. So it's 22
7	years.
8	MR. FURUKAWA: In your 22 years, have you
9	seen any other vessels, U.S. vessels, that have
10	flemming gear?
11	MR. When I first started doing
12	port state control in Hampton Roads, we would find open
13	lifeboats and I've seen a few of them that had flemming
14	gears. But I haven't seen any for years now.
15	MR. FURUKAWA: How many years now?
16	MR. I have no idea. It's been a
17	long time since I've seen them.
18	MR. FURUKAWA: How many years?
19	MR. The last one was one of the
20	Evergreen boats that came down there. I'm not sure
21	what year that was. That was in the early 2000s maybe.
22	MR. FURUKAWA: An Evergreen ship?
23	MR. Yes, I think.
24	MR. FURUKAWA: Back on 2000.
25	MR. Yes, that was an old boat

1	that was built back in the 70s. I don't think it's in
2	service anymore.
3	MR. FURUKAWA: Okay. So if you did see a
4	foreign ship with flemming gear that would be pretty
5	unusual.
6	MR. In this day and age, yes.
7	But it would have to be a pretty old ship. Like I
8	said, they're not coming here anymore because they
9	don't want to go through a port state regime.
10	MR. FURUKAWA: Okay. Thank you very much.
11	MR. O'DONNELL: Lou O'Donnell, ABS. Just
12	one quick follow-up question. In your experience, have
13	you seen you talk about older vessels coming in
14	there for the port state exam older vessels saying
15	older than 40 years of age come in and have a port
16	state exams or general boarding and they're found to be
17	in very good condition and good state of maintenance?
18	MR. Possibly. I haven't seen
19	all the vessels I've been seeing now that are probably
20	older than maybe 1990. They're just not coming.
21	MR. O'DONNELL: Thank you. That's all.
22	MR. YOUNG: Brian Young with the NTSB. Just
23	one question about inspections. With your experience
24	in San Juan, have you ever or have you previously had
2 =	time on been absend the El Esma before this increation?

1	MR. I've been on it three times.
2	MR. YOUNG: Three times?
3	MR. Yes. I was in it in 2009
4	for an annual and 2011 for the COI.
5	MR. YOUNG: And during those two times
6	previously to this last inspection, did you have any
7	issues, problems, deficiencies of note when it came to
8	propulsion systems or?
9	MR. Propulsion, no. I have the
LO	activities for those. One thing that they did when I
L1	was on it in 2011, in a January dry dock they replaced,
L2	the master told me, all the tubes. Yes, the chief
L3	engineer told me they replaced all the tubes in the
L4	boilers and they overhauled the safety valves at that
L5	time.
L6	MR. FURUKAWA: Could you repeat which
L7	boiler?
L8	MR. Both boilers. And we had
L9	some other problems with the engineering. In testing
20	of the emergency generator, there was problems with the
21	fire hampers. Engine bilges, they had a lot of rags
22	left over the generator dry dock at that time.
23	And the fuel cutoff valve didn't work for
24	the generators. It was in a frozen open position. The
25	engine would have run, but they wouldn't have been able

_	to shut it off if they had a fire in the space. And
2	just labeling. Other than that, everything else was
3	good.
4	When you say just labeling, what
5	do you mean by that?
6	MR. The labeling of the cutoff
7	valve for the emergency generator. And I think they
8	didn't hydro-test the bunker piping at that time. So
9	they had to do that. That was one of the things that's
10	kind of missed between the class rules and the
11	international and U.S. regs. It wasn't in the
12	supplement, but we made them do it anyway because it's
13	required that they do that.
14	MR. O'DONNELL: Lou O'Donnell. A quick
15	question from ABS. Those items you wrote up in 2011
16	with the EDG, those were repaired in the course of your
17	inspection or were your 835s issued in ABS under ACP?
18	MR. The fire requirements issued
19	three cleared on the spot and two remained outstanding.
20	I believe those were There is a follow-up to that.
21	ABS was going to going to do the bunker piping, but
22	they were off island that day. So we actually did
23	that.
24	And let's see what else. The fire dampers
	later ABS provided that and reported the proper

1 operation. 2 So they were correct. Thank 3 you. 4 MR. Yes. 5 No further questions. February 16th was that exam 6 7 and then the correct of the fire dampers was on the 8 22nd. 9 with the Coast Guard. Are we going around again? 10 11 MR. YOUNG: Yes. 12 Is this open for whatever? 13 MR. YOUNG: Yes. 14 You've done El Faro or 15 you've also done the sister ships. You've done a lot 16 of the TOTE exams. You've been in Puerto Rico for a 17 long time. 18 MR. Since 1998. 19 Right. So in the history 20 that you have and the experience that you have working 21 with TOTE and working with all the crews in all the 22 vessels in the entirety of the system, do you think 23 that the safety culture is superior or average? What's 24 your overall take on the operations, the support that 25 you've received, the safety management system and the

entirety of the company's support and management support efforts?

MR. Everything I've

the years they have a very good safety culture. It seems like they really take pride in it. If there would have been a problem, if they have any issues, they call us and let us know. Or they have scheduling of exams. They're always good about scheduling exams.

We've never really had any issues with them in that regard. And if there's a problem with them, they let us know.

Now after the -- Just (Background noise) talking about propulsion failures. And I think back after we did our annual they actually sent us a report of marine casualty. They were leaving San Juan Harbor where they were losing oil to the propulsion system, a lubricant oil. And someone had actually turned a valve that they shouldn't have. But I got the email from them. I got the report of marine casualty.

This is the only thing I ever heard of that was related to propulsion failure. And really someone turned the wrong valve and the oil and the tank came down.

MR. YOUNG: Can you read us the description of that failure and tell us the date of it? This is

Brian Young with the NTSB. Give the description on this please.

MR. The date of occurrence was March 14th as it departed San Juan Harbor.

March 14th of what year?

what the captain wrote. "Upon departing San Juan pilot, the bridge was notified the oiler in lieu of opening the saltwater cooling valve to the main engine lube oil coolers that the oiler closed the lube oil outlet valve on the cooler. Not knowing the oiler changed any valves, the engineer changed over the discharge strainer figuring these was an issue with no flow. While having the shaft stopped, the oiler secured the lube oil outlet valve and dropped the

The engineer opened the valves, filled

After that, they came back and they sent this. This is from Jim Fisk, showing us photos of the valves and what they were doing to correct those. It was a training issue it seemed like. That was the only thing I ever heard of any propulsion failures. And they didn't actually lose oil to the induction gears or

the gravity tank and was starting to boil the system."

It shows the oil pressure was back to normal.

gravity tank.

must have had a (Inaudible)

1 -- I don't know how you say that. 2 Gear box. 3 MR. Yes, gear box. MR. YOUNG: They would have a little lube 4 5 oil alarm to the gravity tank. So they didn't 6 MR. Yes. 7 actually lose oil. So no damage was done. 8 MR. FURUKAWA: It was a human error. 9 Human error. MR. 10 Also with the alternate 11 compliance program when you fill that in, did it give 12 an adequate in the vessels and adequate level of survey 13 and oversight? 14 With the experience I have, MR. 15 If you get someone in that doesn't have 16 the hull and the machinery quals, I don't know how you 17 I guess us old-timers, the ones that have 18 been around for a while, been doing this a while, if 19 you don't have that experience, it might be a problem. 20 But I have warrant in my office now that 21 just got a steam hull out in San Francisco. And he 22 seems to be very competent. I think he'd have no 23 problem doing ACP. As long as we can keep that level 24 of inspector out there, I think we'd be fine.

hard to get those quals. And it's probably hard to get

1 people into the correct areas because of the way the 2 Coast Guard does their assignments, the assignment 3 process. Thank you. 4 5 (Chorus of no questions) This is Brian Young with NTSB 6 MR. YOUNG: 7 Do you have any questions for us? And do you 8 have anything to add to help us in this investigation 9 that may shed some light of any of the issues? We're 10 not asking you to speculate, but whatever information 11 or whatever you can do to help us try to figure out 12 what happened we would appreciate your input. 13 I MR. Just wracking my brains. 14 can't think of anything that would cause this. 15 million and one things that could have happened. 16 Before being a marine inspector, I was being an 17 electrician and automation was one of the things I used 18 It could have been automation. It could have 19 been water in the fuel. There are any number of things 20 that could have caused it. I have no idea. 21 It would be nice if they could fine the VDR 22 to get a little bit more insight of what happened on 23 board. But I really can't think of anything. 24 There are probably some things that we can

do to improve on safety. One of them that we keep

talking about is open lifeboats. I think they probably should be getting rid of. But even just a regular enclosed lifeboat in that category of hurricane, I don't know if it would have survived. Just get it down over the side in that kind of weather, who knows.

I've been in lifeboats, closed lifeboats dropped, during drop tests. And you get some pretty wild rides sometimes. But it would be nice if we could update our regs to get rid of those even internationally. I don't know if they'll ever do that. I know it's a big political process. Everyone in the world has to agree on it pretty much to do that.

There are probably some other things that could be done, but it would all require a change of regulations. And I'm not sure whether it could be done any time soon. It would be nice if the crew members could have the personal leave approach because Coast Guard does that on our law enforcement teams as part of their standard package now.

Full SVDRs. I know that the new IMO requirements are that they float free. But SVDRs they're kind of a stop gap because of the older vessels. Can't have all the inputs.

I know my boss has a lot of opinions on what could be done. But like I said, a lot of that requires

regulation changes.

But for actually what happened to the ship,
I guess around 40 foot seas, somewhere in there.

Getting a ship that big in and anything that happened,
loss of power, I think that they were doomed right
there.

I've been in 30 to 50 foot seas out in the Pacific. It's not the same as the Atlantic, but still it's pretty scary when you're out there in that kind of weather. If we'd lost power, I think we would have probably suffered the same fate out there.

That's about all I have to say about it
Other than I think we probably had the best inspection
team we could have out there at the time. I don't
think we could have changed anything even if we had
brought in some of the traveling inspectors and stuff.
I don't think we would have done anything different
than what we did at the time.

MR. YOUNG: Thank you. Any last comments around the room or questions before we call it a wrap?

MR.

I have one.

This is

with the Coast Guard. You mentioned updates of regulations and how complicated that process is. I just want to add a general comment that those types of recommendations are certainly within the scope of this

investigation. This investigation will result in several recommendations.

If you or you mentioned your boss had ideas, please consider continuing to think about this casualty. Any recommendations that you or anyone else has. I know that all the parties to this investigation would be eager to hear those.

Our goal is to do as thorough of an investigation as possible. Any recommendations that could prevent other crews from suffering the same fate is the goal of this investigation. Please keep that on the table. And don't be hindered by the fact that a new regulation is challenging. We're up to the challenge. That's part of this process.

MR. I can read a few of them that he had on here. His number one thing is mandate stern launch lifeboats. That's probably about the only boat that they could have gotten over. Depending on where it's at on the boat and what the conditions are, they still might not been able to get it over.

Two EPIRBs on all the ships. I want it to be combined EPIRB VDR. So those do exist out there right now. Also EPIRBS, they've been around for a while. But get a GPS signal built into them. Right now, the way EPIRBs work you have to have a Doppler

1 You have to get at least two passes before you 2 can actually (Inaudible) where it's at. So if they had 3 GPS in there. I think EPIRB has 90 technology. 4 His other thing was the personal EPIRBs. 5 Then his other thing is if we can update SOLAS 74 to 6 get rid of all of the grandfathering for life saving so 7 we don't have these open life boats out there. 8 MR. And when you're speaking of 9 your boss who wrote these recommendations, who is it? 10 MR. 11 MR. Thank you for sharing those. 12 Mike Millar with ABS. MR. MILLAR: Do you 13 by chance know if the Coast Guard Aviation Group 14 upgraded all their search and rescue helicopter 15 capabilities to actually track EPIRBs signals? 16 MR. I have no idea. 17 MR. MILLAR: From personal experience, I 18 know that they were unable to track EPIRB signals 19 without having a specific frequency built into their 20 own helicopters. They could handle like 121.5, but 21 they didn't have 406 EPIRB capabilities. 22 And there was an ongoing project that was 23 started by one of the guys that used to work for me. 24 And I don't know whether that ever got funded or 25 completed.

1	MR. I have no idea. I do know		
2	that from doing a mass rescue operation in 2007 that we		
3	actually activated an EPIRB down in the Virgin Islands.		
4	And it never got picked up because the way of the radio		
5	propagations in that area. There's something about		
6	that area where it's hard for radio signals to get out		
7	I guess. But they're not foolproof to say the least.		
8	MR. O'DONNELL: Question. Do you think the		
9	proximity of the life rafts posed any issue as far as		
10	the stowage height?		
11	MR. No. As I remember looking		
12	at the height, the containers were rated for that		
13	height. In a hurricane if they let them go, they're		
14	going to blow away. Even if it's tied off, I'm pretty		
15	sure it's probably just going to break loose.		
16	I've actually seen a MASH rescue raft		
17	deployed off a brink and the helicopter just blew it		
18	all over the place. If you get that much wind, I think		
19	it would just be blown away.		
20	MR. FURUKAWA: Jon Furukawa, NTSB. The next		
21	time you inspect the El Unica after what's happened to		
22	El Faro, what are you going to concentrate on?		
23	MR. Really there's not much		
24	difference that you could do because you can't It		
25	would be nice if you could watch the crew act under bad		

weather conditions. But we're not going to do that because everything they're doing is just whatever the weather is at the time. But other than just talk to them to see what their thoughts are and ask them what they're going to do if the weather gets really rough out there.

We had on the El Unica an apprentice, the same Lt. Weist. She was talking to one of the people when she was up in the lifeboats about what do you do if you got into some really bad weather. He said he'd take his chances with the ship.

MR. FURUKAWA: What about materially?

MR. No, the same thing. We're making sure that the vessel is weather-tight and water-tight and that the life saving equipment is in the best condition that it can be. On the El Unica, this last inspection we actually made them do some repairs to the port davit because of some things we found. Actually, the master thanked us for that. I've got the part that was bad sitting on my desk now. He gave it to me.

MR. FURUKAWA: Thank you very much.

MR. Okay.

MR. YOUNG: If there are no other comments or questions we'll secure the interview. Thank you very much for your time and for coming all the way up

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here from Puerto Rico. We appreciate it. Off the
 1
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       record.
                         (Whereupon, the above-entitled interview was
 3
 4
       concluded.)
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Office of Marine Safety Transcript Errata

Matter: El Faro Ref #: DCA16MM001

Enclosed with this letter is a copy of the transcript of interview for accuracy and provide corrections, if any, in the attached table.

Thank you in advance for your attention to this matter.

11/3/2015 Date Brian Young Major Marine Accident Investigator

TABLE OF CORRECTIONS TO TRANSCRIPT OF INTERVIEW FOR

TAKEN ON

Saturday October 1, 2015

PAGE	E LINE CURRENT WORDING		CORRECTED WORDING		
NUMBER	NUMBER		8		
2	24				
2	25	And I'm the Main	And I'm the Marine		
3	13	, Haul,	, Hull,		
3	14	Hull TI	Hull HI		
3	15	Subjectory	Subchapter		
4	7	COLANUS	COLONNA'S SHIPYARD		
4	9	, we had active	, San Juan had active		
4	12	they had the new SOLAS because I got my	they knew I understood SOLAS because I go my		
4	13	Patch in vessel qual, my foreign tank and my passenger	my Foreign Tank Vessel, Foreign Chemical Vessel and Foreign Passenger Vessel		
5	3	going	doing		
6	18	forms qualification standards	new Performance Qualification Standards		
6	. 22	And then in	And then at		
7	3	over star	Senator Oberstar		
. 7	4	Act. We talked about what	Act; it talks about what		
7	23	OSBs	OSVs		
8	22	That's	There's		
9	15	I keep on	I keep up on		
11	3	of a Coast	on a Coast		
14	8	district	industry		
16	24	fractures that happened involved.	fractures that happened in non critical areas		
17	3	phonetic), Assistant Chief			
17	6	Stacy	Eustacia		
17	10	MSE-4	MSSE-4		
17	14				
17	22	Ultimate	Alternate		
17	25	that's covered	that's' covered in the		
18	5	Ultimate	Alternate		
18	7	mission system	Mission Management System		
18	23	sure whether	not sure whether		
20	2	missile	MISLE		
20	3	going away from as being	going away from being		

PAGE	LINE	CURRENT WORDING	CORRECTED WORDING
NUMBER	NUMBER	to the Descine Massal	in the Decement Vessel
20	14	Is the Passing Vessel	in the Passenger Vessel CSNCOE
20	15	NSUE (phonetic)	
21	1	caring NAVIC	carry NVIC
25	21		to do that we can call ABS and ABS
25	22	to do we can all ABS and we get to	
25	23	bill	bills
26	2	we were	we would
26	24	up on, the back-up, port state control exam	up on class outstanding requirements.
26	25	· AP	АСР
27	5	do a deb walk	do a deck walk
27	10	or the water separator	or the oily water separator
28	18	then we ratchet it up to	then we ratchet up
29	1	El Unica	El Yunque
30	8	Stacy Weist	Eustacia Weist
31	1	Mido	MITO
31	2	(phonetic) periodic. Then we also	Peer Audit. Then we also had cruise ship
		had crew ship NSUE	NCOE
31	3	Crew	cruise
31	17	inspections on	inspections and
31	18	recombined	combined
32	2	that leave wants to have	that leaves wants
32	3	This is ten audits	All Sector Prevention Departs are audited
32	4	around the Coast Guard	throughout the Coast Guard.
32	15	had to go out to know the unit. We had to modify it to	we had to modify it to
33	20	state controls	state control
35	25	CIO	COI
36	2	CIO	COI
38	2	And they said no	And we (CG) said no
38	17	And there's only a few that	And there's only a few Sectors that
39	3	Whether all of us should get,	Whether all of us should obtain these quals
39	5	least get your machinery. The hull we can get that.	least obtain your machinery.
39	25	L&G	LNG
41	2	we enter	we inspect
42	10	peek	peak
42	11	peek	peak
45	15	D&V, GO which si DVGO now.	DNV, GL; which is now DNVGL.
45	19	D&V	DNV
45	. 20	D&V	DNV
46	10	chief inspections	chief of inspections

PAGE NUMBER	LINE NUMBER	CURRENT WORDING	CORRECTED WORDING
47	4	Then we have a NAVIC. A NAVIC	Then we have a NVIC. A NVIC
47	20	And if its gets into ACP, he's	And if the vessel gets into ACP, the vessel is
47	23	vessel. He	vessel. The vessel
47	24	go in and enter international	go international
50	14	trainer	trainee
51	20	flight	freight
53	5	Because you	Because we
54	11	SSASVDR	SSAS, VDR
54	22	406 E	406 EPIRB
54	23	(inaudible) we	we
55	24	SAS	SSAS
57	3	near	medium
57	6	VHMM (phonetic)	VHF-FM
57	25	left afloat	lift the float
59	22	El Unica – they had actually chop	EL Yunque – they had actually chalk
59	25	chop	chalk
60	1	head.	had.
61	1	frayed	free
63	22	celluloid	solenoid
65	2	On (Inaudible)	on scene
65	3	got	go
65	11	I'm not sure if they did this if	I'm not sure if
65	19	so Banner	abandon
66	4	spider	piece
67	6	(Background noise)	in good condition
68	7	(Inaudible)	chains
69	24	in output.	reported.
73	4	electric	reflective
73	9	El Far	El Farro
73	15	in the cab.	and clean
74	21	GMBSS	GMDSS
74	23	GMBSS	GMDSS
77	12	detection on a carrying cargo	detention on a caribbean cargo
78	4	L&G	LNG
78	13	Unica	Yunque
78	14	row-row	RO-RO
.79	14	a hair	Sahara desert
83	3	emergent	immersion
83	7	emergent	immersion
86	14	NAVIC	NVIC
89	20	coding	coating
90	16	Coning (phonetic)	coaming
91	6	train	frame
94	3	l was in it	I was on it

PAGE NUMBER	LINE NUMBER	CURRENT WORDING	CORRECTED WORDING
94	21	hamper	dampers
94	21	generator	from the
95	21	going to going	going
98	17	was starting to boil the system	restarting the system.
99	4	Little	low
100	21	fine	find
103	16	he had on here.	he had here.
103	19	conditions are	conditions were
104	2	(inaudible)	determine
104	10	*	
105	16	MASH rescue	mass rescue
105	17	brink	beach
105	21	El Unica	EL Yunque
106	7	El Unica	EL Yunque
106	16	El Unica	EL Yunque

If, to the best of your knowledge, no corrections are needed kindly circle the statement "no corrections needed" and initial in the space provided.

NO CORRECTIONS NEED.	
	Initials
Printed Name of Person pro	viding the above information
 Signaturé/of Person providir	ng the above information
20 mo 2015	
Date	

OMS Transcript Errata 5.27.15

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			,		
	,				

<u>C E R T I F I C A T E</u>

MATTER: El Faro Incident

Accident No. DCA16MM001

Interview of

Jacksonville, FL

DATE: 10-10-15

I hereby certify that the attached transcription of page 1 to 122 inclusive are to the best of my professional ability a true, accurate, and complete record of the above referenced proceedings as contained on the provided audio recording; further that I am neither counsel for, nor related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding has taken place; and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.

NEAL R. GROSS